

Tegucigalpa M.D.C. April 24, 2023

# Dear Prospective Quoter:

Subject: Request for Quotations number **PR11454356** for the water repellent sealing of a perimeter wall at residence in Tegucigalpa.

Enclosed is a Request for Quotations (RFQ) for the water repellent sealing of a perimeter wall at residence in Tegucigalpa. If you would like to submit quotation, follow the instructions in Section 3 of the solicitation, complete the required portions of the attached document, and submit it to the email address specified in this letter.

The U.S. Government intends to award a contract/purchase order to the responsible company submitting an acceptable offer at the lowest price. We intend to award a contract/purchase order based on initial quotations, without holding discussions, although we may hold discussions with companies in the competitive range if there is a need to do so.

A site visit has been scheduled for May 3, 2023, at 10:00 am. at Colonia Viera, Carretera al Hatillo in Tegucigalpa. Submit the names and ID number of attendees by COB April 28, 2023, to the email address: <a href="mailto:proctgu@state.gov">proctgu@state.gov</a>.

Quotations are due by *May 11, 2023, before 10:00 am local time*. No quotations will be accepted after this time. Proposals must be in English and incomplete proposals will not be accepted.

Your quotation must be submitted electronically to <a href="mailto:proctgu@state.gov">proctgu@state.gov</a>. Please name subject of your email "Quotation Enclosed – RFQ PR11454356- Water repellent sealing" It is important to make sure the submission is made in specific size and format; in MS-Word 2007/2010 or MS-Excel 2007/2010 or Adobe Acrobat (pdf) file format. The file size must not exceed 30MB. If the file size should exceed the 30MB, the submission must be made in separate files and attached to separate emails with less than 30MB each.

For a quotation to be considered, you must also complete and submit the following:

- 1. SF-18
- 2. Section 1, Pricing
- 3. Section 5 Representations and Certifications
- 4. Additional information as required in Section 3



Direct any questions regarding this solicitation in writing to Christopher Edgecomb, Contracting Officer. Questions must be written in English and may be sent to the email address proctgu@state.gov by COB on May 5, 2023.

Sincerely,

Christopher Edgecomb



Enclosure:

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# SECTION 1 - THE SCHEDULE RFQ NUMBER - *PR11454356* PRICES

# 1. PRICES AND PERIOD OF PERFORMANCE

The U.S. American Embassy requires the services of a service company to accomplish the water repellent sealing of the Former Ambassador's Residence perimeter stone wall. The west side perimeter wall is composed of exposed stone. Due to service, the perimeter wall stone is showing signs of deterioration. To prevent further damage, the project intent is to seal the stone surface with a water repellent to avoid further stone disintegration. Some areas of the perimeter wall will require pressure washing before applying the water repellent treatment to remove mold and clean the surface onto which the water repellent will adhere.

# 1.1 PRICES

| Item  | Description                 | Unit of Measure | Quantity | <b>Unit Price</b> | <b>Total Price</b> |
|-------|-----------------------------|-----------------|----------|-------------------|--------------------|
| 1     | FCMR perimeter wall sealing | Meters          | 360 L.   |                   | L.                 |
| Total |                             |                 |          |                   | L.                 |

#### 1.1 VALUE ADDED TAX

VALUE ADDED TAX. Value Added Tax (VAT) is <u>not applicable to this contract</u> and shall not be included in the CLIN rates or Invoices because the U.S. Embassy has a tax exemption certificate from the host government.

# 1.2 Offers and Payment in U.S. Dollars.

U.S. firms are eligible to be paid in U.S. dollars. U.S. firms desiring to pay in U.S. dollars should commit their offer in U.S. dollars. A U.S. firm is defined as a company which operates as a corporation incorporate under the laws of a state within the United States. Any firm, which is not a U.S. firm, is a foreign firm. Any firm that does not meet the above definition of U.S. firm shall submit its prices and receive payment in local currency.

# RFQ NUMBER *PR11454356*SCHEDULE OF SUPPLIES/SERVICES, DESCRIPTION/SPECIFICATIONS/WORK STATEMENT

# 1. SCOPE OF WORK

- 1.1 The U.S. American Embassy requires the services of a service company to accomplish the water repellent sealing of the Former Ambassador's Residence perimeter stone wall. The west side perimeter wall is composed of exposed stone. Due to service, the perimeter wall stone is showing signs of deterioration. In order to prevent further damage the project intent is to seal the stone surface with a water repellent to avoid further stone disintegration. Some areas of the perimeter wall will require pressure washing before applying the water repellent treatment to remove mold and clean the surface onto which the water repellent will adhere.
- 1.2 The US Embassy Property is in *Colonia Viera, Carretera al Hatillo, Tegucigalpa, Honduras*. All site inspections shall be requested through the Embassy's Procurement Office or Contracting Officer Representative [COR].
- 1.3 Work shall be completed as expeditiously as possible. Contractor shall coordinate with Contracting Officer for work phasing and job sequencing. The Contractor shall submit an execution schedule for review and approval prior to commencement of work at the site.

# 2.0 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- 2.1 The Contractor shall provide quantity surveyors, personnel, equipment, materials, tools and supervision as needed to complete the services that meet the technical requirements in this Statement of Work [SOW]. It is expected that the Contractor shall partner closely with Embassy personnel.
- 2.2 The work shall be executed in a diligent manner in accordance with a negotiated firm fixed price and performance period. The period of performance for all Phases of the project shall be completed in 30 (thirty) calendar days from Contract Award.
- 2.3 The Contractor shall have limited access to or be admitted into any structure outside the areas designated for the project except with permission by the Embassy. The Contractor shall be responsible for the security of the property during the execution of the project.
- 2.4 The Contractor shall be required to prepare and submit a hazard analysis plan, project schedule, material safety data sheets and any other material technical data sheets needed. These documents shall provide the necessary interfaces, coordination, and communication between the Embassy and Contractor for the delivery of a completed project.

# 3.0 GOVERNMENT FURNISHED EQUIPMENT (GFE)

Pursuant to Contract Clause FAR 52-245-2, Government-Furnished Property (Short Form), the Government will furnish the following materials and equipment for the installation by the Contractor. The Government Material (GM) is stored at *The Embassy Warehouse located at Boulevard Morazán*, *Tegucigalpa*, *Honduras*. The contractor shall transport, uncrate, assemble, and install the GM. GM shall be uncrated and inspected by the contractor in the presence of the Contracting Officer's Representative (COR) to determine any damaged or missing parts. The contractor shall be responsible for damage or loss occurring after this inspection. The contractor shall notify the COR four days in advance of the date the GM is needed. Any GM not incorporated in the work shall be returned to the Government and placed Former Ambassador's Residence (FCMR) Perimeter Wall US Embassy, Tegucigalpa, Honduras FY23

in storage at *The Embassy Warehouse located at Boulevard Morazán*, *Tegucigalpa*, *Honduras* as directed by the COR.

The Government shall not furnish any materials for the execution of this project.

#### 4.0 CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION

- 4.1 The Contractor shall not conduct any work that is beyond this Statement of Work and accompanying specifications unless directed in writing by the Contracting Officer [CO]. Any work done by the Contractor beyond this SOW and accompanying specifications without direction from the CO will be at the Contractor's own risk and at no cost to the Embassy.
- 4.2 The Contracting Officer may designate more than one individual to serve as the Contracting Officer's Representative [COR]. The Contractor will be furnished evidence of COR appointments, including explicit authority delegated to each COR and their responsibilities.
- 4.3 The Embassy does not make representations or warranties of whatsoever kind or nature, either expressed or implied, as to the quality, level of completion, accuracy, extent of compliance with the standards, codes and requirements described or referred to in this SOW, or the extent of coordination between or among the documents provided to the Contractor.
- 4.4 The Embassy's review, approval, or acceptance of, nor payment for the services required under this contract shall be construed to operate as a waiver of any rights under this contract or any cause of action against the Contractor arising out of the performance of this contract.
- 4.5 The Embassy has the right to inspect and test all services called for by the contract, to the extent practicable at all times and places during the term of the contract. The Office of Overseas Buildings or the facility management office may perform quality assurance inspections [QAI] and tests during project execution to confirm the work is installed according to the SOW.

- 4.6 The Contracting Officer has the authority to issue a temporary stop order during the execution of any phase of this SOW. This authority may be executed when the Embassy requires time for official functions or is in possession of specific credible information indicating that the lives of Embassy personnel are immediately threatened and that the execution of the project will increase the Embassy's vulnerability. The Contractor shall promptly notify the CO that work has been stopped.
- 4.7 If any of the Contractor's services do not conform to the contract requirements, the COR may require the Contractor to perform the services again in conformity with the contract requirements. The Embassy may by contract or otherwise, perform the services and charge the Contractor any cost incurred by the Embassy that is directly related to the performance of such service or terminate the contract for default.
- 4.8 The Embassy has the right to terminate this contract of convenience at any time in whole, or from time to time, if the Contracting Officer determines it is in the interest of the Embassy.

#### 5.0 RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR

- 5.1 The Contractor shall be responsible for the professional quality, technical accuracy, and the coordination of all work and other services furnished under this contract. The Contractor shall, without additional compensation, correct or revise any errors or deficiencies in its project and other services.
- 5.2 The Contractor shall identify a Project Site Manager who shall be responsible for the overall management of the project and shall represent the Contractor on the site during the project. The Project Site Manager shall be approved by the COR. Former Ambassador's Residence (FCMR) Perimeter Wall US Embassy, Tegucigalpa, Honduras FY23 Page 3 of 6 Statement of Work: FCMR Perimeter Wall
- 5.3 The Project Site Manager shall attend all project meetings, prepare Status Reports on the project, and submit them to the COR. Status Reports shall contain meeting minutes, accomplishments, arising concerns and proposed solutions, any proposed changed orders, and any other pertinent information required to report the progress of performance.
- 5.4 Any cost associated with services subcontracted by the Contractor shall be borne by and be the complete responsibility of the Contractor under the fixed price of this contract. 5.5 The Contractor is responsible for safety and shall comply with all local labor laws, regulations, customs, and practices pertaining to labor, safety, and similar matters. The Contractor shall promptly report all accidents resulting in lost time, disabling, or fatal injuries to the COR. The Contractor shall also comply with the USACE Safety and Health Manual EM 385-1-1 for all activities performed under this contract. Manual can be found at:

 $\underline{http://www.usace.army.mil/SafetyandOccupationalHealth/SafetyandHealthRequirements} \\ \underline{Manual.aspx}$ 

5.6 The Contractor shall be and remain liable to the Embassy in accordance with applicable law for all damages to the Embassy caused by the Contractor's negligent performance of any of the services furnished under this contract. The rights and remedies for the Embassy provided for under this contract are in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law.

# 6.0 POST AWARD REQUIREMENTS

- 6.1 The Contractor shall examine all the documents and visit the site to fully inform themselves of all the conditions and limitations applied to the work and submit a firm fixed price cost proposal for all the work. No subsequent cost allowance will be made to the Contractor for neglect of the existing conditions.
- 6.2 Provide information showing that the Contractor's company and submitted personnel are experienced in projects like type and scope required for this work.
- 6.3 Provide MSDS (Material Safety Data Sheets) and technical data sheets for materials to be incorporated in the project. The Project Manager shall prepare and submit a project schedule with enough detail to indicate project execution dates for each specific area.
- 6.4 A Hazard Analysis Plan [AHA] to address each definable feature of work of the project, as described in Section 1, Article 01.A.05 of the US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) Safety and Health Requirements Manual, EM 385-1-1, current edition, is required for this contract. See numeral 5.5 above for link to safety manual.

# 7.0 PROJECT REQUIREMENTS

- 7.1 The project shall begin until approvals of the post award Submittals are accepted by the COR. See section 6.0 for submittals.
- 7.2 The Contractor shall be responsible for all required materials not provided by the Embassy, equipment, and personnel to manage, administer, and supervise the project. All workmanship shall be of good quality and performed in a skillful manner as determined by the COR.
- 7.3 All materials and equipment incorporated into the project shall be new unless noted otherwise. The Contractor shall transport and safeguard all materials and equipment required for the project.
- 7.4 Equipment and materials shall be carefully handled, properly stored, and adequately protected to prevent damage before and during installation, in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Damaged or defective items shall be replaced. The Contractor will be responsible for security of all materials and equipment. Former Ambassador's Residence (FCMR) Perimeter Wall US Embassy, Tegucigalpa, Honduras FY23

- 7.5 Receipt of Materials Shipment of equipment, materials, and supplies shall be addressed to the Contractor not the Embassy. The Contractor must be on hand to accept shipments; the Embassy will not accept shipments.
- 7.6 The Contractor will be provided with a storage and staging area as determined by the COR. The Contractor shall be responsible for restoring the area to its original condition at the completion of the work. The Contractor shall be responsible for repair of any damage incurred to buildings or pavement as a result of storage activities. The Contractor is responsible for obtaining any additional off compound storage areas as required.
- 7.7 The Contractor shall at all times keep the work area free from accumulation of waste materials. Upon completing the project, the Contractor shall remove all temporary facilities and leave the project site in a clean and orderly condition acceptable to the COR.
- 7.8 The Contractor shall perform the work at the site during the Embassy's normal workday hours (Monday through Friday from 0800 to 1600hrs, and Friday from 0800 to 1500hrs), unless agreed upon with the COR. No work shall be performed during weekends or national or US holidays unless prior written approval from the COR is received.
- 7.9 The Contractor shall be responsible for connection of temporary utilities to existing utilities including water and power lines. All temporary connections to local water and power lines shall be coordinated with the COR. The Contractor shall pay all costs incurred in connecting, converting, and transferring the utilities to the work. The Contractor shall be responsible for making connections including providing back flow preventer devices on connections to domestic water lines, providing transformers, and for disconnections.
- 7.10 At the end of each workday, or notification of a temporary stop order, the Contractor shall lower and fixed all temporary work platforms and/or harnesses. Contractor shall notify the COR of the temporary barricade locations. Beginning the next workday, the contractor shall remove the temporary barricades before continuing the project.
- 7.11 Storm Protection Should warnings of wind of gale force or stronger be issued, the Contractor shall take every practicable precaution to minimize danger to person, the work and adjacent property. Precautions shall include, but not be limited to, closing all openings, removing all loose materials, tools and equipment from exposed locations, and other temporary work.
- 7.12 Cleanup The Contractor shall keep the work area, including storage areas, free from accumulations of waste materials on a daily basis and comply with all federal, state and local regulations pertaining to the storage, transport and disposal of wastes. The Contractor shall not use Embassy waste disposal facilities including garbage cans, trash piles or dumpsters.

#### 8.0 CRITERIA

8.1 The Contractor work shall in accordance with U.S. codes and standards. The COR will review and comment on the Contractor's submissions using the following codes and standards:

American Society for Testing & Materials,

2003 International Building Code

2014 National Electrical Code (NFPA 70)

Statement of Work for the project and the following accompanying specifications: Former Ambassador's Residence (FCMR) Perimeter Wall US Embassy, Tegucigalpa, Honduras FY23

#### SPECIFIC PROJECT CRITERIA

The US Embassy Ambassador Residence perimeter wall is composed of exposed stone. For many years, this perimeter wall had ivy covering it. Recently, this ivy was removed, and the exposed stone wall started showing signs of deterioration. In several areas the stone is flacking and disintegrating. There are also places where there is humidity present stimulating mold to grow on the wall. It is considered that the perimeter wall will need to be completely power washed to assure that there aren't any foreign or loose particles that can prevent the adhesion of the water repellent on the perimeter wall.

All the exposed stone wall, columns and details need to be sealed using a stone water sealant that complies with the requirements indicated in the specifications section.

#### 9.0 DELIVERABLE SCHEDULE

9.1 The Contractor shall commence work under this contract promptly, execute the work diligently, and achieve final completion and acceptance including final cleanup of the premises within the period specified.

#### 9.2 Milestones:

Contractor Pre-Proposal Site Visit shall be coordinated with procurement office as

indicated in letter.

Contract Award: 2 calendar days after notified.
Post-award Submittals: Within 5 days of contract award

Embassy Submittal Review: 3 days

Project Begins Within: 7 days of contract award.

Project shall be completed within 30 calendar days after contract award.

#### 10.0 PROJECT SECURITY

- 10.1 The work to be performed under this contract requires that the Contractor, its employees and sub-contractors submit personnel information for review by the Embassy. Information submitted by the Contractor will not be disclosed beyond the Embassy.
- 10.2 The Contractor shall submit personnel and vehicle information requirements within 7 days of the contract award.
- 10.3 No Contractor worker may be present at the Embassy without proper identification and escorted by US Embassy personnel.

#### 11.0 PAYMENTS

- 11.1 The Contractor shall provide a fixed priced lump sum proposal to the Contracting Officer.
- 11.2 The Contractor shall submit payment invoice at the completion of each contract line item, with the appropriate backup documents to the COR. The COR will determine if the invoice is complete and proper as submitted.

# END OF STATEMENT OF WORK

# UNIFIED FACILITIES GUIDE SPECIFICATIONS (UFGS)-SECTION 01 35 26

# GOVERNMENTAL SAFETY REQUIREMENTS 11/15

# PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.1 REFERENCES

The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to within the text by the basic designation only.

# AMERICAN SOCIETY OF SAFETY ENGINEERS (ASSE/SAFE)

| • | ASSE/SAFE A10.34                               | (2001; R 2012) Protection of the Public on or Adjacent to Project Sites           |
|---|--|---|
| • | ASSE/SAFE Z359.0<br>Arrest                     | (2012) Definitions and Nomenclature Used for Fall Protection and Fall             |
| • | ASSE/SAFE Z359.1<br>Subsystems and Compon      | (2007) Safety Requirements for Personal Fall Arrest Systems,<br>ents              |
| • | ASSE/SAFE Z359.11                              | (2014) Safety Requirements for Full Body Harnesses                                |
| • | ASSE/SAFE Z359.12                              | (2009) Connecting Components for Personal Fall Arrest Systems                     |
| • | ASSE/SAFE Z359.13                              | (2013) Personal Energy Absorbers and Energy Absorbing Lanyards                    |
| • | ASSE/SAFE Z359.14 Fall Arrest and Rescue Sy    | (2014) Safety Requirements for Self-Retracting Devices for Personal stems         |
| • | ASSE/SAFE Z359.15<br>Arresters for Personal Fa | (2014) Safety Requirements for Single Anchor Lifelines and Fall II Arrest Systems |
| • | ASSE/SAFE Z359.2<br>Protection Program         | (2007) Minimum Requirements for a Comprehensive Managed Fall                      |
| • | ASSE/SAFE Z359.3<br>Systems                    | (2007) Safety Requirements for Positioning and Travel Restraint                   |
| • | ASSE/SAFE Z359.4<br>Systems, Subsystems and    | (2013) Safety Requirements for Assisted-Rescue and Self-Rescue Components         |

- ASSE/SAFE Z359.6 (2009) Specifications and Design Requirements for Active Fall Protection Systems
- ASSE/SAFE Z359.7 (2011) Qualification and Verification Testing of Fall Protection Products

#### **NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION (NFPA)**

- NFPA 70(2017) National Electrical Code
- NFPA 70E (2015; ERTA 1 2015) Standard for Electrical Safety in the Workplace
  - U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS (USACE) EM 385-1-1 (2022) Safety and Health Requirements Manual

#### U.S. NATIONAL ARCHIVES AND RECORDS ADMINISTRATION (NARA)

- 29 CFR 1910 Occupational Safety and Health Standards
- 29 CFR 1926.500 Fall Protection

#### 1.2 DEFINITIONS

# 1.2.1 Competent Person (CP)

The CP is a person designated in writing, who, through training, knowledge, and experience, is capable of identifying, evaluating, and addressing existing and predictable hazards in the working environment or working conditions that are dangerous to personnel, and who has authorization to take prompt corrective measures with regards to such hazards.

#### 1.2.2 Competent Person, Confined Space

The CP, Confined Space, is a person meeting the competent person requirements as defined EM 385-1-1 Appendix Q, with thorough knowledge of OSHA's Confined Space Standard, 29 CFR 1910.146, and designated in writing to be responsible for the immediate supervision, implementation and monitoring of the confined space program, who through training, knowledge and experience in confined space entry is capable of identifying, evaluating and addressing existing and potential confined space hazards and, who has the authority to take prompt corrective measures with regard to such hazards.

# 1.2.3 Competent Person, Fall Protection

The CP, Fall Protection, is a person meeting the competent person requirements as defined in EM 385-1-1 Appendix Q and in accordance with ASSE/SAFE Z359.0, who has been designated in writing by the

employer to be responsible for immediate supervising, implementing and monitoring of the fall protection program, who through training, knowledge and experience in fall protection and rescue systems and equipment, is capable of identifying, evaluating and addressing existing and potential fall hazards and, who has the authority to take prompt corrective measures with regard to such hazards.

# 1.2.4 Competent Person, Scaffolding

The CP, Scaffolding is a person meeting the competent person requirements in EM 385-1-1 Appendix Q and designated in writing by the employer to be responsible for immediate supervising, implementing, and monitoring of the scaffolding program. The CP for Scaffolding has enough training, knowledge, and experience in scaffolding to correctly identify, evaluate and address existing and potential hazards and has the authority to take prompt corrective measures about these hazards. CP qualifications must be documented and include experience on the specific scaffolding systems/types being used, assessment of the base material that the scaffold will be erected upon, load calculations for materials and personnel, and erection and dismantling. The CP for scaffolding must have a documented, minimum of 8-hours of scaffold training to include training on the specific type of scaffold being used (e.g., mast-climbing, adjustable, tubular frame), in accordance with EM 385-1-1 Section 22.B.02.

# 1.2.5 High Risk Activities

High Risk Activities are activities that involve work at heights, crane and rigging, excavations and trenching, scaffolding, electrical work, and confined space entry.

#### 1.2.6 High Visibility Accident

A High Visibility Accident is any mishap which may generate publicity or high visibility.

#### 1.2.7 Medical Treatment

Medical Treatment is treatment administered by a physician or by registered professional personnel under the standing orders of a physician. Medical treatment does not include first aid treatment even through provided by physician or registered personnel.

#### 1.2.8 Near Miss

A Near Miss is a mishap resulting in no personal injury and zero property damage, but given a shift in time or position, damage or injury may have occurred (e.g., a worker falls off a scaffold and is not injured; a crane swings around to move the load and narrowly misses a parked vehicle).

#### 1.2.9 Qualified Person (QP)

The QP is a person designated in writing, who, by possession of a recognized degree, certificate, or professional standing, or extensive knowledge, training, and experience, has successfully demonstrated their ability to solve or resolve problems related to the subject matter, the work, or the project.

# 1.2.10 Qualified Person, Fall Protection (QP for FP)

A QP for FP is a person meeting the requirements of EM 385-1-1 Appendix Q, and ASSE/SAFE Z359.0, with a recognized degree or professional certificate and with extensive knowledge, training and experience in the fall protection and rescue field who can design, analyzing, and evaluating and specifying fall protection and rescue systems.

# 1.2.11 Recordable Injuries or Illnesses

Recordable Injuries or Illnesses are any work-related injury or illness that results in:

- a. Death, regardless of the time between the injury and death, or the length of the illness.
- b. Days away from work (any time lost after day of injury/illness onset).
- c. Restricted work.
- d. Transfer to another job.
- e. Medical treatment beyond first aid.
- f. Loss of consciousness; or
- g. A significant injury or illness diagnosed by a physician or other licensed health care professional, even if it did not result in (a) through (f) above.

#### 1.3 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

In addition to the detailed requirements included in the provisions of this contract, comply with the most recent edition of USACE EM 385-1-1, and the following host nation laws, ordinances, criteria, rules and regulations. Submit matters of interpretation of standards to the appropriate administrative agency for resolution before starting work. Where the requirements of this specification, applicable laws, criteria, ordinances, regulations, and referenced documents vary, the most stringent requirements govern.

# 1.5 SITE QUALIFICATIONS, DUTIES, AND MEETINGS

# 1.5.1 Personnel Qualifications

# 1.5.1.1 Site Safety and Health Officer (SSHO)

Provide an SSHO that meets the requirements of EM 385-1-1 Section 1. The SSHO must ensure that the requirements of 29 CFR 1926.16 are met for the project. Provide a Safety oversight team that includes a minimum of one (1) person at each project site to function as the Site Safety and Health Officer (SSHO). The SSHO or an equally qualified Alternate SSHO must be always at the work site to implement and administer the Contractor's safety program and government-accepted Accident Prevention Plan. The SSHO and Alternate SSHO must have the required training, experience, and qualifications in accordance with EM 385-1-1 Section 01.A.17, and all associated sub-paragraphs.

If the SSHO is off-site for a period longer than 24 hours, an equally qualified alternate SSHO must be provided and must fulfill the same roles and responsibilities as the primary SSHO. When the SSHO is temporarily (up to 24 hours) off-site, a Designated Representative (DR), as identified in the AHA may be used in lieu of an Alternate SSHO and must be on the project site at all times when work is being performed. Note that the DR is a collateral duty safety position, with safety duties in addition to their full-time occupation.

# 1.5.1.2 Contractor Quality Control (QC) Manager:

The Contractor Quality Control Manager can be the SSHO on this project.

#### 1.5.1.3 Competent Person Qualifications

Provide Competent Persons in accordance with EM 385-1-1, Appendix Q and herein. Competent Persons for high-risk activities include confined space, cranes and rigging, excavation/trenching, fall protection, and electrical work. The CP for these activities must be designated in writing and meet the requirements for the specific activity (i.e., competent person, fall protection).

The Competent Person identified in the Contractor's Safety and Health Program and accepted Accident Prevention Plan, must be on-site at all times when the work that presents the hazards associated with their professional expertise is being performed. Provide the credentials of the Competent Persons(s) to the Contracting Officer for information in consultation with the Safety Office.

#### 1.5.1.3.1 Competent Person for Scaffolding

Provide a Competent Person for Scaffolding who meets the requirements of EM 385-1-1, Section 22.B.02 and herein.

# 1.5.1.3.2 Competent Person for Fall Protection

Provide a Competent Person for Fall Protection who meets the requirements of EM 385-1-1, Section 21.C.04 and herein.

# 1.5.2 Personnel Duties

# 1.5.2.1 Duties of the Site Safety and Health Officer (SSHO)

The SSHO must:

- a. Conduct daily safety and health inspections and maintain a written log which includes area/operation inspected, date of inspection, identified hazards, recommended corrective actions, estimated and actual dates of corrections. Attach safety inspection logs to the Contractors' daily production report.
- b. Conduct mishap investigations and complete required accident reports. Report mishaps and near misses.
- c. Use and maintain OSHA's Form 300 to log work-related injuries and illnesses occurring on the project site for Prime Contractors and subcontractors and make available to the Contracting Officer upon request. Post and maintain the Form 300A on the site Safety Bulletin Board.
- d. Maintain applicable safety reference material on the job site.
- e. Attend the post-award conference, pre-work meetings including preparatory meetings, and periodic in-progress meetings.
- f. Review the APP and AHAs for compliance with EM 385-1-1, and approve, sign, implement and enforce them.
- g. Establish a Safety and Occupational Health (SOH) Deficiency Tracking System that lists and monitors outstanding deficiencies until resolution.
- h. Ensure subcontractor compliance with safety and health requirements.
- i. Maintain a list of hazardous chemicals on site and their material Safety Data Sheets (SDS).
- j. Maintain a weekly list of high hazard activities involving energy, equipment, excavation, entry into confined space, and elevation, and be prepared to discuss details during QC Meetings.
- k. Provide and keep a record of site safety orientation and indoctrination for Contractor employees, subcontractor employees, and site visitors.

Superintendent, QC Manager, and SSHO are subject to dismissal if the above duties are not being effectively carried out. If Superintendent, QC Manager, or SSHO are dismissed, project work will be stopped and will not be allowed to resume until a suitable replacement is approved and the above duties are again being effectively carried out.

# 1.5.3 Meetings

# 1.5.3.1 Post-Award Conference

- a. Contractor representatives who have a responsibility or significant role in accident prevention on the project must attend the post-award conference. This includes the project superintendent, Site Safety and Occupational Health officer, quality control manager, or any other assigned safety and health professionals who participated in the development of the APP (including the Activity Hazard Analyses (AHAs) and special plans, program and procedures associated with it).
- b. Discuss the details of the submitted APP to include incorporated plans, programs, procedures and a listing of anticipated AHAs that will be developed and implemented during the performance of the contract. This list of proposed AHAs will be reviewed at the conference and an agreement will be reached between the Contractor and the Contracting Officer as to which phases will require an analysis. In addition, establish a schedule for the preparation, submittal, and Government review of AHAs to preclude project delays.
- c. Deficiencies in the submitted APP, identified during the Contracting Officer's review, must be corrected, and the APP re-submitted for review prior to the start of project. Work is not permitted to begin work until an APP is established that is acceptable to the Contracting Officer.

# 1.5.3.2 Safety Meetings

Conduct safety meetings to review past activities, plan for new or changed operations, review pertinent aspects of appropriate AHA (by trade), establish safe working procedures for anticipated hazards, and provide pertinent Safety and Occupational Health (SOH) training and motivation. Conduct meetings at least once a month for all supervisors on the project location. The SSHO, supervisors, supervisors, or CDSOs must conduct meetings at least once a week for the trade workers. Document meeting minutes to include the date, persons in attendance, subjects discussed, and names of individual(s) who conducted the meeting. Maintain documentation on-site and furnish copies to the Contracting Officer on request. Notify the Contracting Officer of all scheduled meetings 7 calendar days in advance.

### 1.6 ACCIDENT PREVENTION PLAN (APP)

A qualified person must prepare the written site-specific APP. Prepare the APP in accordance with the format and requirements of EM 385-1-1, Appendix A, and as supplemented herein. Cover all paragraph and subparagraph elements in EM 385-1-1, Appendix A. The APP must be job-specific and address any unusual or unique aspects of the project or activity for which it is written. The APP must interface with the Contractor's overall safety and health program referenced in the APP in the applicable APP element and made site-specific. Describe the methods to evaluate past safety performance of potential subcontractors in the selection process. Also, describe innovative methods used to ensure and monitor safe work practices of subcontractors. The Government considers the Prime Contractor to be the "controlling authority" for all work site safety and health of the subcontractors. Contractors are

responsible for informing their subcontractors of the safety provisions under the terms of the contract and the penalties for noncompliance, coordinating the work to prevent one craft from interfering with or creating hazardous working conditions for other crafts, and inspecting subcontractor operations to ensure that accident prevention responsibilities are being conducted. The APP must be signed by an officer of the firm (Prime Contractor senior person), the individual preparing the APP, the on-site superintendent, the designated SSHO, the Contractor Quality Control Manager, and any designated Certified Safety Professional (CSP) or Certified Health Physicist (CIH). The SSHO must provide and keep the APP and a log of signatures by each subcontractor supervisor, attesting that they have read and understand the APP, and make the APP and log available on-site to the Contracting Officer. If English is not the foreman's primary language, the Prime Contractor must provide an interpreter.

Submit the APP to the Contracting Officer 15 calendar days prior to the date of the post-award conference for acceptance. Work cannot proceed without an accepted APP. Once reviewed and accepted by the Contracting Officer, the APP and attachments will be enforced as part of the contract. Disregarding the provisions of this contract or the accepted APP is cause for stopping of work, at the discretion of the Contracting Officer, until the matter has been rectified. Continuously review and amend the APP, as necessary, throughout the life of the contract. Changes to the accepted APP must be made with the knowledge and concurrence of the Contracting Officer, project superintendent, SSHO and Quality Control Manager. Incorporate unusual or high-hazard activities not identified in the original APP as they are discovered. Should any severe hazard exposure (i.e., imminent danger) become evident, stop work in the area, secure the area, and develop a plan to remove the exposure and control the hazard. Notify the Contracting Officer within 24 hours of discovery. Eliminate and remove the hazard. In the interim, take all necessary action to restore and maintain safe working conditions in order to safeguard onsite personnel, visitors, the public (as defined by ASSE/SAFE A10.34), and the environment.

# 1.6.1 Names and Qualifications

Provide plans in accordance with the requirements outlined in Appendix A of EM 385-1-1, including the following:

- a. Names and qualifications (resumes including education, training, experience and certifications) of site safety and health personnel designated to perform work on this project to include the designated Site Safety and Health Officer and other competent and qualified personnel to be used. Specify the duties of each position.
- b. Qualifications of competent and of qualified persons. As a minimum, designate and submit qualifications of competent persons for each of the following major areas: excavation; scaffolding; fall protection; hazardous energy; confined space; health hazard recognition, evaluation and control of chemical, physical and biological agents; and personal protective equipment and clothing to include selection, use and maintenance.

# 1.6.2 Plans

Provide plans in the APP in accordance with the requirements outlined in Appendix A of EM 385-1-1, including the following:

# 1.6.2.1 Fall Protection and Prevention (FP&P) Plan

The plan must comply with the requirements of EM 385-1-1, Section 21.D and ASSE/SAFE Z359.2, be site specific, and address all fall hazards in the workplace and during distinct phases of work. Address how to protect and prevent workers from falling to lower levels when they are exposed to fall hazards above 6 feet. A competent person or qualified person for fall protection must prepare and sign the plan documentation. Include fall protection and prevention systems, equipment and methods employed for every phase of work, roles and responsibilities, assisted rescue, self-rescue and evacuation procedures, training requirements, and monitoring methods. Keep and maintain the accepted Fall Protection and Prevention Plan documentation at the job site for the duration of the project. Include the Fall Protection and Prevention Plan documentation in the Accident Prevention Plan (APP).

#### 1.6.2.2 Rescue and Evacuation Plan

Provide a Rescue and Evacuation Plan in accordance with EM 385-1-1 Section 21.N and ASSE/SAFE Z359.2, and include in the FP&P Plan and as part of the APP. Include a detailed discussion of the following: methods of rescue; methods of self-rescue; equipment used; training requirement; specialized training for the rescuers; procedures for requesting rescue and medical assistance; and transportation routes to a medical facility.

# 1.7 ACTIVITY HAZARD ANALYSIS (AHA)

Before beginning each activity, task or Definable Feature of Work (DFOW) involving a type of work presenting hazards not experienced in previous project operations, or where a new work crew or subcontractor is to perform the work, the Contractor(s) performing that work activity must prepare an AHA. AHAs must be developed by the Prime Contractor, subcontractor, or supplier performing the work, and provided for Prime Contractor review and approval before submitting to the Contracting Officer. AHAs must be signed by the SSHO, Superintendent, QC Manager and the subcontractor Foreman performing the work. Format the AHA in accordance with EM 385-1-1, Section 1 or as directed by the Contracting Officer. Submit the AHA for review at least 15 working days prior to the start of each activity task, or DFOW. The Government reserves the right to require the Contractor to revise and resubmit the AHA if it fails to effectively identify the work sequences, specific anticipated hazards, site conditions, equipment, materials, personnel and the control measures to be implemented.

AHAs must identify competent persons needed for phases involving considerable risk activities, including confined entry, crane and rigging, excavations, trenching, electrical work, fall protection, and scaffolding.

# 1.7.1 AHA Management

Review the AHA list periodically (at least monthly) at the Contractor supervisory safety meeting, and update as necessary when procedures, scheduling, or hazards change. Use the AHA during daily inspections by the SSHO to ensure the implementation and effectiveness of the required safety and health controls for that work activity.

# 1.7.2 AHA Signature Log

Each employee performing work as part of an activity, task or DFOW must review the AHA for that work and sign a signature log specifically maintained for that AHA prior to starting work on that activity. The SSHO must maintain a signature log on site for every AHA. Provide employees whose primary language is other than English, with an interpreter to ensure a clear understanding of the AHA and its contents.

#### 1.8 DISPLAY OF SAFETY INFORMATION

# 1.8.1 Safety and Occupational Health (SOH) Deficiency Tracking System

Establish a SOH deficiency tracking system that lists and monitors the status of SOH deficiencies in chronological order. Use the tracking system to evaluate the effectiveness of the APP. A monthly evaluation of the data must be discussed in the QC or SOH meeting with everyone on the project. The list must be posted on the project bulletin board and updated daily, and provide the following information:

- a. Date deficiency identified.
- b. Description of deficiency.
- c. Name of person responsible for correcting deficiency.
- d. Projected resolution date.
- e. Date actually resolved.

#### 1.9 SITE SAFETY REFERENCE MATERIALS

Maintain safety-related references applicable to the project, including those listed in paragraph REFERENCES. Maintain applicable equipment manufacturer's manuals.

#### 1.10 EMERGENCY MEDICAL TREATMENT

Contractors must arrange for their own emergency medical treatment. Government has no responsibility to provide emergency medical treatment.

#### 1.11 NOTIFICATIONS and REPORTS

#### 1.11.1 Mishap Notification

Notify the Contracting Officer as soon as practical, but no more than twenty-four hours, after any mishaps, including recordable accidents, incidents, and near misses, as defined in EM 385-1-1 Appendix Q, any report of injury, illness, load handling equipment (LHE) or rigging mishaps, or any property damage. The Contractor is responsible for obtaining appropriate medical and emergency assistance and for notifying fire, law enforcement, and regulatory agencies. Immediate reporting is required for electrical mishaps, to include Arc Flash; shock; uncontrolled release of hazardous energy (includes electrical and non-electrical); load handling equipment or rigging; fall from height (any level other than same surface); and underwater diving. These mishaps must be investigated in depth to identify all causes and to recommend hazard control measures.

Within notification include Contractor name; contract title; type of contract; name of activity, installation or location where accident occurred; date and time of accident; names of personnel injured; extent of property damage, if any; extent of injury, if known, and brief description of accident. Preserve the conditions and evidence on the accident site until the Government investigation team arrives on-site and Government investigation is conducted. Assist and cooperate fully with the Government's investigation(s) of any mishap.

#### 1.11.2 Accident Reports

- a. Conduct an accident investigation for recordable injuries and illnesses, property damage, and near misses as defined in EM 385-1-1, to establish the root cause(s) of the accident. Complete the applicable Report Form and provide the report to the Contracting Officer within 5\_FIVE calendar day(s) of the accident. The Contracting Officer will provide copies of any required or special forms.
- Near Misses: Report all "Near Misses" to the GDA, using local mishap reporting procedures, within 24 hrs. The Contracting Officer will provide the Contractor the required forms. Near miss reports are considered positive and proactive Contractor safety management actions.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

Not used.

#### 3.1 PROJECT WORK

Comply with EM 385-1-1, NFPA 70, NFPA 70E, NFPA 241, the APP, the AHA, Federal and State OSHA regulations, and other related submittals and activity fire and safety regulations. The most stringent standard prevails.

PPE is governed in all areas by the nature of the work the employee is performing. Always use personal hearing protection in designated noise hazardous areas or when performing noise hazardous tasks. Safety glasses must be worn or carried/available on each person. Mandatory PPE includes:

- a. Hard Hat
- b. Long Pants
- c. Appropriate Safety Shoes
- d. Appropriate Class Reflective Vests

#### 3.2 FALL PROTECTION PROGRAM

Establish a fall protection program, for the protection of all employees exposed to fall hazards. Within the program include company policy, identify roles and responsibilities, education and training requirements, fall hazard identification, prevention and control measures, inspection, storage, care and maintenance of fall protection equipment and rescue and evacuation procedures in accordance with ASSE/SAFE Z359.2 and EM 385-1-1, Sections 21.A and 21.D.

# 3.2.1 Training

Institute a fall protection training program. As part of the Fall Protection Program, provide training for each employee who might be exposed to fall hazards. Provide training by a competent person for fall protection in accordance with EM 385-1-1, Section 21.C. Document training and practical application of the competent person in accordance with EM 385-1-1, Section 21.C.04 and ASSE/SAFE Z359.2 in the AHA.

#### 3.2.2 Fall Protection Equipment and Systems

Enforce use of personal fall protection equipment and systems designated (to include fall arrest, restraint, and positioning) for each specific work activity in the Site-Specific Fall Protection and Prevention Plan and AHA at all times when an employee is exposed to a fall hazard. Protect employees from fall hazards as specified in EM 385-1-1, Section 21.

Provide personal fall protection equipment, systems, subsystems, and components that comply with EM 385-1-1 Section 21.I, 29 CFR 1926.500 Subpart M,ASSE/SAFE Z359.0, ASSE/SAFE Z359.1, ASSE/SAFE Z359.2, ASSE/SAFE Z359.3, ASSE/SAFE Z359.4, ASSE/SAFE Z359.6, ASSE/SAFE Z359.7, ASSE/SAFE Z359.11, ASSE/SAFE Z359.12, ASSE/SAFE Z359.13, ASSE/SAFE Z359.14, and ASSE/SAFE Z359.15.

#### 3.2.2.1 Additional Personal Fall Protection

In addition to the required fall protection systems, other protection such as safety skiffs, personal floatation devices, and life rings, are required when working above or next to water in accordance with EM 385-1-1, Sections 21.0 through 21.0.06. Personal fall protection systems and equipment are required when working from an articulating or extendible boom, swing stages, or suspended platform. In addition, personal fall protection systems are required when operating other equipment such as scissor lifts. The need for tying-off in such equipment is to prevent ejection of the employee from the equipment during raising, lowering, travel, or while performing work.

#### 3.2.2.2 Personal Fall Protection Harnesses

Only a full-body harness with a shock-absorbing lanyard or self-retracting lanyard is an acceptable personal fall arrest body support device. The use of body belts is not acceptable. Harnesses must have a fall arrest attachment affixed to the body support (usually a Dorsal D-ring) and specifically designated for attachment to the rest of the system. Snap hooks and carabiners must be self-closing and self-locking, capable of being opened only by at least two consecutive deliberate actions and have a minimum gate strength of 3,600 lbs in all directions. Use webbing, straps, and ropes made of synthetic fiber. The largest free fall distance when using fall arrest equipment must not exceed 6 feet unless the proper energy absorbing lanyard is used. Always take into consideration the total fall distance and any swinging of the worker (pendulum-like motion), that can occur during a fall, when attaching a person to a fall arrest system. All full body harnesses must be equipped with Suspension Trauma Preventers such as stirrups, relief steps, or similar in order to provide short-term relief from the effects of orthostatic intolerance in accordance with EM 385-1-1, Section 21.1.06.

#### 3.2.3 Guardrails and Safety Nets

Design, install and use guardrails and safety nets in accordance with EM 385-1-1, Section 21.F.01 and 29 CFR 1926 Subpart M.

# 3.2.4 Rescue and Evacuation Plan and Procedures

When personal fall arrest systems are used, ensure that the mishap victim can self-rescue or can be rescued promptly should a fall occur. Prepare a Rescue and Evacuation Plan and include a detailed discussion of the following: methods of rescue; methods of self-rescue or assisted rescue; equipment used; training requirement; specialized training for the rescuers; procedures for requesting rescue and medical assistance; and transportation routes to a medical facility. Include the Rescue and Evacuation Plan within the Activity Hazard Analysis (AHA) for the phase of work, in the Fall Protection and

Prevention (FP&P) Plan, and the Accident Prevention Plan (APP). The plan must comply with the requirements of EM 385-1-1, ASSE/SAFE Z359.2, and ASSE/SAFE Z359.4.

#### 3.3 WORK PLATFORMS

# 3.3.1 Scaffolding

Provide employees with a safe means of access to the work area on the scaffold. Climbing of any scaffold braces or supports not specifically designed for access is prohibited. Comply with the following requirements:

- a. Scaffold platforms greater than 20 feet in height must be accessed by use of a scaffold stair system.
- b. Ladders commonly provided by scaffold system manufacturers are prohibited for accessing scaffold platforms greater than 20 feet maximum in height.
- c. An adequate gate is required.
- d. Employees performing scaffold erection and dismantling must be qualified.
- e. Scaffold must be capable of supporting at least four times the maximum intended load or without appropriate fall protection as delineated in the accepted fall protection and prevention plan.
- f. Stationary scaffolds must be attached to structural building components to safeguard against tipping forward or backward.
- g. Special care must be given to ensure scaffold systems are not overloaded.
- h. Side brackets used to extend scaffold platforms on self-supported scaffold systems for the storage of material are prohibited. The first tie-in must be at the height equal to 4 times the width of the smallest dimension of the scaffold base.
- i. Scaffolding other than suspended types must bear on base plates upon wood mudsills (2 in x 10 in x 8 in minimum) or other adequate firm foundation.
- j. Scaffold or work platform erectors must have fall protection during the erection and dismantling of scaffolding or work platforms that are more than 6 feet.
- k. Delineate fall protection requirements when working above 6 feet or above dangerous operations in the Fall Protection and Prevention (FP&P) Plan and Activity Hazard Analysis (AHA) for the phase of work.

# 3.3.2 Elevated Aerial Work Platforms (AWPs)

Workers must be anchored to the basket or bucket in accordance with manufacturer's specifications and instructions (anchoring to the boom may only be used when allowed by the manufacturer and permitted by the CP). Lanyards used must be sufficiently short to prohibit worker from climbing out of basket. The climbing of rails is prohibited. Lanyards with built-in shock absorbers are acceptable. Self-retracting devices are not acceptable. Tying off to an adjacent pole or structure is not permitted unless a safe device for 100 percent tie-off is used for the transfer.

Use of AWPs must be operated, inspected, and maintained as specified in the operating manual for the equipment and delineated in the AHA. Operators of AWPs must be designated as qualified operators by the Prime Contractor. Maintain proof of qualifications on site for review and include in the AHA.

#### 3.4 EQUIPMENT

# 3.4.1 Material Handling Equipment (MHE)

- a. Material handling equipment such as forklifts must not be modified with work platform attachments for supporting employees unless specifically delineated in the manufacturer's printed operating instructions. Material handling equipment fitted with personnel work platform attachments are prohibited from traveling or positioning while personnel are working on the platform.
- b. The use of hooks on equipment for lifting of material must be in accordance with manufacturer's printed instructions. Material Handling Equipment Operators must be trained in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910, Subpart N.
- c. Operators of forklifts or power industrial trucks must be licensed in accordance with OSHA.
- -- End of Section --

UNIFIED FACILITIES GUIDE SPECIFICATIONS (UFGS)-SECTION 07 19 00

# WATER REPELLENTS 05/11

PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.01 REFERENCES

The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to within the text by the basic designation only.

#### **ASTM INTERNATIONAL (ASTM)**

ASTM C140/C140M (2016) Standard Test Methods for Sampling

and Testing Concrete Masonry Units and

**Related Units** 

ASTM C642 (2013) Density, Absorption, and Voids in

Hardened Concrete

ASTM C672/C672M (2012) Scaling Resistance of Concrete Surfaces

**Exposed to Deicing Chemicals** 

ASTM D1653 (2013) Water Vapor Transmission of Organic

**Coating Films** 

ASTM D2369 (2010; R 2015; E 2015) Volatile Content of

Coatings

ASTM D3278 (1996; R 2011) Flash Point of Liquids by Small

Scale Closed-Cup Apparatus

ASTM E514/E514M (2014a) Standard Test Method for Water

Penetration and Leakage Through Masonry

ASTM E96/E96M (2016) Standard Test Methods for Water Vapor

Transmission of Materials

ASTM G154 (2016) Standard Practice for Operating

Fluorescent Light Apparatus for UV Exposure of

Nonmetallic Materials

#### 1.02 SUBMITTALS

Government approval is required for submittals with a "G" designation; submittals not having a "G" designation are for information only. When used, a designation following the "G" designation identifies the office that will review the submittal for the Government. Submittals with an "S" are for inclusion in the Sustainability eNotebook, in conformance to Section 01 33 29 SUSTAINABILITY REPORTING. Submit the following in accordance with Section 01 33 00 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES:

SD-03 Product Data:

Water repellents

SD-07 Certificates:

Warranty

SD-08 Manufacturer's Instructions:

**Application instructions** 

Provide manufacturer's instructions including preparation, application, recommended equipment to be used, safety measures, and protection of completed application.

#### 1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

# A. Qualifications

- Manufacturer's qualifications: Minimum five years record of successful in-service experience of water repellent treatments manufactured for concrete, and stone application.
- Applicator's qualifications: Minimum five years successful experience in projects of similar scope using specified or similar treatment materials and manufacturer's approval for application.

#### **B.** Performance Requirements

 a. Water Absorption Test: Use of Rilem Tube for evaluating water repellency on 10 (Ten) aleatory spots.

RILEM is an acronym for Reunion Internationale des Laboratoires d'Essals et de. Recherches sur les Materiaux et des Constructions (International Union of Testing and Research Laboratories for Materials and Structures) located in Paris, France. Their function and purpose are similar to the American organization ASTM (American Society for Testing and Materials).

#### Test procedures:

- 1. The masonry surface should be clean, dry and free from poorly adhered coatings and/or partially spalled masonry fragments.
- 2. Roll out a bead of the putty to approximately 1/2" diameter and 6" length. Attach the putty to the flat brim of the tube.
- 3. Place the putty in the concave groove on the flat brim of the tube.

- 4. Firmly press the tube with the attached putty to the surface. Press in any putty that extrudes to form a tight seal.
- 5. Evaluate the assembly to ensure the putty has not extruded into the "bowl" area of the tube and is not interfering with the test area.
- 6. Fill the tube with water to the 0.0 ml. (98.1mph wind -driven rain) level, making sure no air is trapped inside the body. If air is trapped inside, remove the tube and repeat the procedure in a new area.
- 7. Wait for 60 minutes and then record the maximum wind-driven rain speed that the treated masonry can withstand.
- b. Acceptable Performance: Acceptable performance is achieved if the level of water drops no more than 10% of the original height during the 60-minute test period.

# C. Evidence of Acceptable Variation

If a product proposed for use does not conform to requirements of the referenced specification, submit for approval to the Contracting Officer, evidence that the proposed product is either equal to or better than the product specified. Include the following:

- a. Identification of the proposed substitution.
- b. Reason why the substitution is necessary.
- c. A comparative analysis of the specified product and the proposed substitution, including tabulations of the composition of pigment and vehicle.
- d. The difference between the specified product and the proposed substitution; and
- e. Other information necessary for an accurate comparison of the proposed substitution and the specified product.

#### 1.04 ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

# A. Weather and Substrate Conditions

Do not proceed with application of water repellents under any of the following conditions, except with written recommendations of manufacturer.

a. Ambient temperature is less than 40 degrees F.

- b. Substrate faces have cured less than one month.
- c. Rain or temperature below 40 degrees F are predicted for a period of 24 hours before or after treatment.
- d. Earlier than three days after surfaces are wet.
- e. Substrate is frozen or surface temperature is less than 40 degrees F and falling.

# **B.** Moisture Condition

Determine moisture content of substrate meets manufacturer's requirements prior to application of water repellent material.

#### 1.05 SEQUENCING AND SCHEDULING

# A. Concrete and Stone Surfaces

Do not start water repellent coating until all patching, pointing and cleaning operations have been completed and concrete has cured a minimum of 30 days under normal weather conditions.

# **B.** Sealants

Do not apply water repellents until the sealants for joints adjacent to surfaces receiving water repellent treatment have been installed and cured.

#### 1.06 SURFACES TO BE COATED

Coat all exterior concrete, surfaces. This includes back faces of parapets, top of walls, edges and returns adjacent to windows and door frames and free-standing walls.

#### 1.07 WARRANTY

Provide a warranty, issued jointly by the manufacturer and the applicator of the water repellent treatment against moisture penetration through the treated structurally sound surface for a period of five years. Warranty to provide the material, labor, and equipment necessary to remedy the problem. At the satisfactory completion of the work, complete the warranty sign, notarize, and submit to the Contracting Officer.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.01 MATERIALS

Water repellent solution shall be a clear, non-yellowing, deep-penetrating, VOC compliant solution. Material shall not stain or discolor and shall produce a mechanical and chemical interlocking bond with the substrate to the depth of the penetration, such as ADMIX WR, SIKATOP GUARD 70 or similar.

#### 2.02 WATER REPELLENTS

# A. Siloxanes

Penetrating water repellent. Alkylalkoxysiloxanes that are oligomerous with alcohol, ethanol, mineral spirits, or water.

- a. Solids by weight: ASTM D2369, 7.5 to 16.0 percent.
- b. Volatile Organic Content (VOC) after blending: Less than 175 grams per liter.
- c. Density activated: 8.4 pounds per gallon, plus or minus one percent.
- d. Flash point, ASTM D3278: Greater than 212 degrees F.

# B. Low-Solids Acrylic

Water-clear, breathing coating of acrylic resins, water-based, solvent-based, or acrylic emulsions solution containing less than 15 percent solids by volume.

#### C. High-Solids Acrylic

Water-clear, breathing coating of acrylic resins, water-based, solvent-based, or acrylic emulsions solution containing 15 percent solids or more by volume.

#### 2.03 PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

# A. Siloxanes

- a. Dry time for recoat, if necessary: One to two hours depending on weather conditions.
- b. Penetration: 3/8 inch, depending on substrate.
- c. Water penetration and leakage through masonry, ASTM E514/E514M, percentage reduction of leakage: 97.0 percent minimum.

- d. Moisture vapor transmission, ASTM E96/E96M: 47.5 perms or 82 percent maximum compared to untreated sample.
- e. Resistance to accelerated weathering, ASTM G154. Testing 2,500 hours: No loss in repellency.
- g. Scaling resistance, ASTM C672/C672M, non-air-entrained concrete: Zero rating, no scaling, 100 cycles treated concrete.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.01 EXAMINATION

Examine concrete, and stone, or surfaces to be treated to ensure that:

- a. All visible cracks, voids or holes have been repaired.
- b. All mortar joints in masonry are tight and sound, have not been re-set or misaligned and show no cracks or spalling.
- c. Moisture contents of walls does not exceed 15 percent when measured on an electronic moisture register, calibrated for the appropriate substrate.
- d. Concrete surfaces are free of form release agents, curing compounds and other compounds that would prevent full penetration of the water repellent material.

Do not start water repellent treatment work until all deficiencies have been corrected, examined and found acceptable to the Contracting Officer and the water repellent treatment manufacturer. Do not apply treatment to damp, dirty, dusty or otherwise unsuitable surfaces. Comply with the manufacturer's recommendations for suitability of surface.

#### 3.02 PREPARATION

# A. Surface Preparation

Prepare substrates in accordance with water repellent treatment manufacturer's recommendation. Clean surfaces of dust, dirt, efflorescence, alkaline, and foreign matter detrimental to proper application of water repellent treatment.

# **B.** Protection

Provide masking or protective covering for materials which could be damaged by water repellent treatment.

- a. Protect glass, glazed products, and prefinished products from contact with water repellent treatment.
- b. Protect landscape materials with breathing type drop cloths: plastic covers are not acceptable.

# C. Compatibility

- a. Confirm treatment compatibility with each type of joint sealer within or adjacent to surfaces receiving water repellent treatment in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.
- b. When recommended by joint sealer manufacturer, apply treatment after application and cure of joint sealers. Coordinate treatment with joint sealers.
- c. Mask surfaces indicated to receive joint sealers which would be adversely affected by water repellent treatment where treatment must be applied prior to application of joint sealers.

#### 3.03 MIXING

Mix water repellent material thoroughly in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Mix, in quantities required for that day's work, all containers prior to application. Mix each container the same length of time.

### 3.04 APPLICATION

In strict accordance with the manufacturers written requirements. Do not start application without the COR being present or his written acceptance of the surface to be treated.

# A. Water Repellent Treatment

# 1. Spray Application

Spray applies water repellent material to exterior concrete, surfaces using low-pressure airless spray equipment in strict accordance with manufacturer's printed application, instructions, and precautions. Maintain copies at the job site. Apply flood coat in an overlapping pattern allowing approximately 8-to-10-inch rundown on the vertical surface. Maintain a wet edge at all overlaps, both vertical and horizontal. Hold gun maximum 18 inches from wall.

# 2. Brush or Roller Application

Brush or roller apply water repellent material only at locations where overspray would affect adjacent materials and where not practical for spray applications.

# 3. Covered Surfaces

Coat all exterior concrete, and stone surfaces including back faces of parapets, tops of walls, edges and returns adjacent to window and door frames, windowsills, and free-standing walls.

# 4. Rate of Application

Apply materials to exterior surfaces at the coverages recommended by the manufacturer and as determined from sample panel test. Increase or decrease application rates depending upon the surface texture and porosity of the substrate so as to achieve even appearance and total water repellency.

# 5. Number of Coats

Two coats must be apply, and the Water Absorption Test shall determine the number of coats required to achieve full coverage and protection.

# 6. Appearance

If unevenness in appearance, lines of work termination or scaffold lines exist, or detectable changes from the approved sample panel occur, the Contracting Officer may require additional treatment at no additional cost to the Government. Apply any required additional treatment to a natural break off point.

### 3.05 CLEANING

Clean all runs, drips, and overspray from adjacent surfaces while the water repellent treatment is still wet in a manner recommended by the manufacturer.

# 3.06 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

Do not remove drums containing water repellent material from the job site until completion of all water repellent treatment and until so authorized by the Contracting Officer.

# A. Field Testing

AAMA 501.1. At a time not less than twenty days after completion of the water repellent coating application, subject a representative wall area of the building to the Navy Hose Stream Field Test similar to AAMA 501.1 hose test to simulated rainfall for a period of three hours. Use a minimum 5/8-inch diameter hose and a fixed lawn sprinkler spray head which will direct a full flow of water against the wall. Place the sprinkler head so that the water will strike the wall downward at a 45-degree angle to the wall. If the inside of the wall shows any trace of moisture during or following the test, apply another coat of water repellent, at the manufacturer's recommended coverage rate to the entire building. Repeat testing and re-coating process until no moisture shows on the inside wall face. Accomplish any required work retesting and re-coating at no additional cost to the Government.

#### B. Site Inspection

Inspect treatment in progress by manufacturer's representative to verify compliance with manufacturer instructions and recommendations. -- End of Section --

#### SECTION 2 - CONTRACT CLAUSES

# 52.204-25 Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment (AUG 2020)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

Backhaul means intermediate links between the core network, or backbone network, and the small subnetworks at the edge of the network (e.g., connecting cell phones/towers to the core telephone network). Backhaul can be wireless (e.g., microwave) or wired (e.g., fiber optic, coaxial cable, Ethernet).

Covered foreign country means The People's Republic of China.

Covered telecommunications equipment or services means—

- (1) Telecommunications equipment produced by Huawei Technologies Company or ZTE Corporation (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities).
- (2) For the purpose of public safety, security of Government facilities, physical security surveillance of critical infrastructure, and other national security purposes, video surveillance and telecommunications equipment produced by Hytera Communications Corporation, Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Company, or Dahua Technology Company (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities).
- (3) Telecommunications or video surveillance services provided by such entities or using such equipment; or
- (4) Telecommunications or video surveillance equipment or services produced or provided by an entity that the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Director of National Intelligence or the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, reasonably

believes to be an entity owned or controlled by, or otherwise connected to, the government of a covered foreign country.

Critical technology means-

- (1) Defense articles or defense services included on the United States Munitions List set forth in the International Traffic in Arms Regulations under subchapter M of chapter I of title 22, Code of Federal Regulations.
- (2) Items included on the Commerce Control List set forth in Supplement No. 1 to part 774 of the Export Administration Regulations under subchapter C of chapter VII of title 15, Code of Federal Regulations, and controlled-
- (i) Pursuant to multilateral regimes, including for reasons relating to national security, chemical and biological weapons proliferation, nuclear nonproliferation, or missile technology; or
  - (ii) For reasons relating to regional stability or surreptitious listening.
- (3) Specially designed and prepared nuclear equipment, parts and components, materials, software, and technology covered by part 810 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations (relating to assistance to foreign atomic energy activities).
- (4) Nuclear facilities, equipment, and material covered by part 110 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations (relating to export and import of nuclear equipment and material); (5) Select agents and toxins covered by part 331 of title 7, Code of Federal Regulations, part 121 of title 9 of such Code, or part 73 of title 42 of such Code.

(6) Emerging and foundational technologies controlled pursuant to section 1758 of the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4817).

Interconnection arrangements means arrangements governing the physical connection of two or more networks to allow the use of another's network to hand off traffic where it is ultimately delivered (e.g., connection of a customer of telephone provider A to a customer of telephone company B) or sharing data and other information resources.

Reasonable inquiry means an inquiry designed to uncover any information in the entity's possession about the identity of the producer or provider of covered telecommunications equipment or services used by the entity that excludes the need to include an internal or third-party audit.

Roaming means cellular communications services (e.g., voice, video, data) received from a visited network when unable to connect to the facilities of the home network either because signal coverage is too weak or because traffic is too high.

Substantial or essential component means any component necessary for the proper function or performance of a piece of equipment, system, or service.

(b) Prohibition.

- (1)Section 889(a)(1)(A) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Pub. L. 115-232) prohibits the head of an executive agency on or after August 13, 2019, from procuring or obtaining, or extending or renewing a contract to procure or obtain, any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system. The Contractor is prohibited from providing to the Government any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system, unless an exception at paragraph (c) of this clause applies or the covered telecommunication equipment or services are covered by a waiver described in FAR 4.2104.
- (2) Section 889(a)(1)(B) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Pub. L. 115-232) prohibits the head of an executive agency on or after August 13, 2020, from entering into a contract, or extending or renewing a contract, with an entity that uses any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system, unless an exception at paragraph (c) of this clause applies or the covered telecommunication equipment or services are covered by a waiver described in FAR 4.2104. This prohibition applies to the use of covered telecommunications equipment or services, regardless of whether that use is in performance of work under a federal contract.
  - (c) Exceptions. This clause does not prohibit contractors from providing—
- (1) A service that connects to the facilities of a third-party, such as backhaul, roaming, or interconnection arrangements; or
- (2) Telecommunications equipment that cannot route or redirect user data traffic or permit visibility into any user data or packets that such equipment transmits or otherwise handles.

- (d) Reporting requirement.
  - (1) In the event the Contractor identifies covered telecommunications equipment or services used as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system, during contract performance, or the Contractor is notified of such by a subcontractor at any tier or by any other source, the Contractor shall report the information in paragraph (d)(2) of this clause to the Contracting Officer, unless elsewhere in this contract are established procedures for reporting the information; in the case of the Department of Defense, the Contractor shall report to the website at https://dibnet.dod.mil. For indefinite delivery contracts, the Contractor shall report to the Contracting Officer for the indefinite delivery contract and the Contracting Officer(s) for any affected order or, in the case of the Department of Defense, identify both the indefinite delivery contract and any affected orders in the report provided at https://dibnet.dod.mil.
- (2) The Contractor shall report the following information pursuant to paragraph (d)(1) of this clause
- (i) Within one business day from the date of such identification or notification: the contract number; the order number(s), if applicable; supplier name; supplier unique entity identifier (if known); supplier Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) code (if known); brand; model number (original equipment manufacturer number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number); item description; and any readily available information about mitigation actions undertaken or recommended.
- (ii) Within 10 business days of submitting the information in paragraph (d)(2)(i) of this clause: any further available information about mitigation actions undertaken or recommended. In addition, the Contractor shall describe the efforts it undertook to prevent use or submission of covered telecommunications equipment or services, and any additional efforts that will be incorporated to prevent future use or submission of covered telecommunications equipment or services.
- (e) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (e) and excluding paragraph (b)(2), in all subcontracts and other contractual instruments, including subcontracts for the acquisition of commercial items.

(End of clause)

# 52.212-4 CONTRACT TERMS AND CONDITIONS – COMMERCIAL ITEMS (NOV 2021) IS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE.

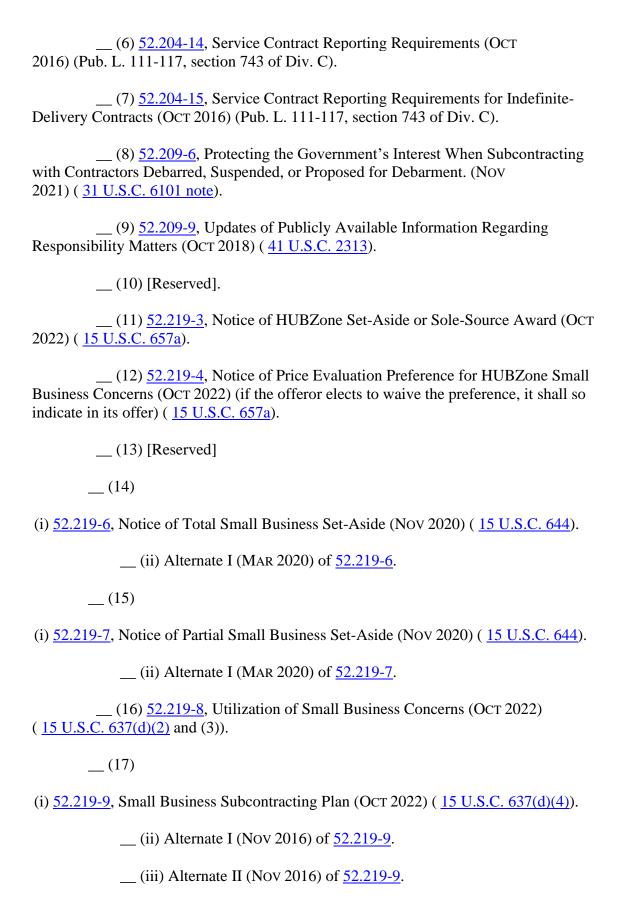
None

# 52.212-5 CONTRACT TERMS AND CONDITIONS REQUIRED TO IMPLEMENT STATUTES OR EXECUTIVE ORDERS—COMMERCIAL PRODUCTS AND COMMERCIAL SERVICES (DEC 2022)

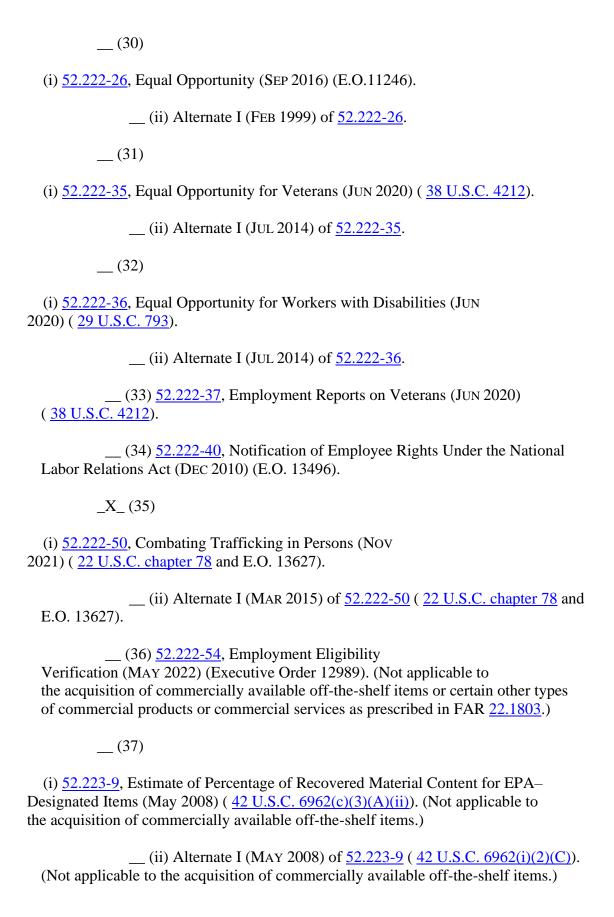
(a) The Contractor shall comply with the following Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) clauses, which are incorporated in this contract by reference, to implement

provisions of law or Executive orders applicable to acquisitions of commercial products and commercial services:

- (1) <u>52.203-19</u>, Prohibition on Requiring Certain Internal Confidentiality Agreements or Statements (Jan 2017) (section 743 of Division E, Title VII, of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 (Pub. L. 113-235) and its successor provisions in subsequent appropriations acts (and as extended in continuing resolutions)).
- (2) <u>52.204-23</u>, Prohibition on Contracting for Hardware, Software, and Services Developed or Provided by Kaspersky Lab and Other Covered Entities (Nov 2021) (Section 1634 of Pub. L. 115-91).
- (3) <u>52.204-25</u>, Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment. (Nov 2021) (Section 889(a)(1)(A) of Pub. L. 115-232).
- (4) <u>52.209-10</u>, Prohibition on Contracting with Inverted Domestic Corporations (Nov 2015).
  - (5) 52.233-3, Protest After Award (Aug 1996) (31 U.S.C. 3553).
- (6) <u>52.233-4</u>, Applicable Law for Breach of Contract Claim (OCT 2004) (Public Laws 108-77 and 108-78 (<u>19 U.S.C. 3805 note</u>)).
- (b) The Contractor shall comply with the FAR clauses in this paragraph (b) that the Contracting Officer has indicated as being incorporated in this contract by reference to implement provisions of law or Executive orders applicable to acquisitions of commercial products and commercial services:
  - \_\_ (1)  $\underline{52.203-6}$ , Restrictions on Subcontractor Sales to the Government (Jun 2020), with *Alternate I* (Nov 2021) ( $\underline{41 \text{ U.S.C. } 4704}$  and  $\underline{10 \text{ U.S.C. } 4655}$ ).
  - \_\_ (2) <u>52.203-13</u>, Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (Nov 2021) (<u>41 U.S.C. 3509</u>)).
  - \_\_ (3) <u>52.203-15</u>, Whistleblower Protections under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Jun 2010) (Section 1553 of Pub. L. 111-5). (Applies to contracts funded by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.)
  - \_\_ (4) <u>52.204-10</u>, Reporting Executive Compensation and First-Tier Subcontract Awards (Jun 2020) (Pub. L. 109-282) (<u>31 U.S.C. 6101 note</u>).
    - \_\_ (5) [Reserved].



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__ (iv) Alternate III (JUN 2020) of <u>52.219-9</u>.
               (v) Alternate IV (SEP 2021) of 52.219-9.
          __(18)
  (i) 52.219-13, Notice of Set-Aside of Orders (MAR 2020) (15 U.S.C. 644(r)).
               __ (ii) Alternate I (MAR 2020) of 52.219-13.
             (19) 52.219-14, Limitations on Subcontracting (OCT 2022)
 (15 U.S.C. 637s).
             (20) 52.219-16, Liquidated Damages—Subcontracting Plan (SEP
 2021) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(4)(F)(i)).
            (21) <u>52.219-27</u>, Notice of Service-Disabled Veteran-Owned Small
 Business Set-Aside (OCT 2022) (15 U.S.C. 657f).
          __(22)
  (i) 52.219-28, Post Award Small Business Program Representation (OCT 2022)
(15 U.S.C. 632(a)(2)).
               __ (ii) Alternate I (MAR 2020) of 52.219-28.
             (23) 52.219-29, Notice of Set-Aside for, or Sole-Source Award to,
 Economically Disadvantaged Women-Owned Small Business Concerns (OCT 2022)
 (15 U.S.C. 637(m)).
           (24) 52.219-30, Notice of Set-Aside for, or Sole-Source Award to,
 Women-Owned Small Business Concerns Eligible Under the Women-Owned Small
 Business Program (OCT 2022) (15 U.S.C. 637(m)).
            (25) 52.219-32, Orders Issued Directly Under Small Business
 Reserves (MAR 2020) (15 U.S.C. 644(r)).
 __ (26) <u>52.219-33</u>, Nonmanufacturer Rule (SEP 2021) ( <u>15U.S.C.</u> <u>637</u>(a)(17)).
           (27) 52.222-3, Convict Labor (Jun 2003) (E.O.11755).
           X (28) 52.222-19, Child Labor-Cooperation with Authorities and
 Remedies (DEC 2022) (E.O.13126).
           (29) 52.222-21, Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (APR 2015).
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(38) <u>52.223-11</u>, Ozone-Depleting Substances and High Global Warming
  Potential Hydrofluorocarbons (Jun 2016) (E.O. 13693).
            (39) 52.223-12, Maintenance, Service, Repair, or Disposal of
  Refrigeration Equipment and Air Conditioners (Jun 2016) (E.O. 13693).
          (40)
  (i) <u>52.223-13</u>, Acquisition of EPEAT®-Registered Imaging Equipment (JUN
2014) (E.O.s 13423 and 13514).
               __ (ii) Alternate I (OCT 2015) of 52.223-13.
          __(41)
  (i) 52.223-14, Acquisition of EPEAT®-Registered Televisions (Jun 2014) (E.O.s
13423 and 13514).
               __ (ii) Alternate I (Jun2014) of <u>52.223-14</u>.
           __ (42) <u>52.223-15</u>, Energy Efficiency in Energy-
  Consuming Products (MAY 2020) (42 U.S.C. 8259b).
          __ (43)
  (i) 52.223-16, Acquisition of EPEAT®-Registered Personal Computer Products (OCT
2015) (E.O.s 13423 and 13514).
               (ii) Alternate I (Jun 2014) of 52.223-16.
           X (44) 52.223-18, Encouraging Contractor Policies to Ban Text Messaging
  While Driving (Jun 2020) (E.O. 13513).
           __ (45) 52.223-20, Aerosol (Jun 2016) (E.O. 13693).
           __ (46) 52.223-21, Foams (Jun2016) (E.O. 13693).
          __(47)
  (i) <u>52.224-3</u> Privacy Training (JAN 2017) (5 U.S.C. 552 a).
               __ (ii) Alternate I (JAN 2017) of <u>52.224-3</u>.
          __(48)
  (i) 52.225-1, Buy American-Supplies (OCT 2022) (41 U.S.C. chapter 83).
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__ (ii) Alternate I (OCT 2022) of <u>52.225-1</u>.
          __(49)
  (i) 52.225-3, Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act (DEC 2022) (19
U.S.C. 3301 note, 19 U.S.C. 2112 note, 19 U.S.C. 3805 note, 19 U.S.C. 4001 note, 19
U.S.C. chapter 29 (sections 4501-4732), Public Law 103-182, 108-77, 108-78, 108-286,
108-302, 109-53, 109-169, 109-283, 110-138, 112-41, 112-42, and 112-43.
               __ (ii) Alternate I [Reserved].
               __ (iii) Alternate II (DEC 2022) of 52.225-3.
               __ (iv) Alternate III (JAN 2021) of 52.225-3.
               __ (v) Alternate IV (Oct 2022) of 52.225-3.
            __ (50) 52.225-5, Trade Agreements (DEC 2022) ( 19 U.S.C. 2501, et
 seq., 19 U.S.C. 3301 note).
           _X_ (51) <u>52.225-13</u>, Restrictions on Certain Foreign Purchases (FEB
 2021) (E.O.'s, proclamations, and statutes administered by the Office of Foreign Assets
 Control of the Department of the Treasury).
            (52) <u>52.225-26</u>, Contractors Performing Private Security Functions
 Outside the United States (Oct 2016) (Section 862, as amended, of the National
 Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008; 10 U.S.C. Subtitle A, Part V, Subpart
 G Note).
            __ (53) 52.226-4, Notice of Disaster or Emergency Area Set-Aside (Nov
 2007) (42 U.S.C. 5150).
           __ (54) 52.226-5, Restrictions on Subcontracting Outside Disaster
 or Emergency Area (Nov2007) (42 U.S.C. 5150).
           __ (55) <u>52.229-12</u>, Tax on Certain Foreign Procurements (FEB 2021).
           _X_ (56) 52.232-29, Terms for Financing of Purchases of Commercial
 Products and Commercial Services (Nov 2021) (41 U.S.C. 4505, 10 U.S.C. 3805).
           __ (57) 52.232-30, Installment Payments for Commercial
 Products and Commercial Services (Nov 2021) (41 U.S.C. 4505, 10 U.S.C. 3805).
           __ (58) 52.232-33, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer-System for Award
 Management (OCT2018) (31 U.S.C. 3332).
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| _X_ (59) <u>52.232-34</u> , Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer-Other than System for Award Management (Jul 2013) ( <u>31 U.S.C. 3332</u> ).   |
|---|
| (60) <u>52.232-36</u> , Payment by Third Party (MAY 2014) ( <u>31 U.S.C. 3332</u> ).  |
| (61) <u>52.239-1</u> , Privacy or Security Safeguards (AUG 1996) ( <u>5 U.S.C. 552a</u> ).  |
| (62) <u>52.242-5</u> , Payments to Small Business Subcontractors (JAN 2017) ( <u>15 U.S.C. 637(d)(13)</u> ).  |
| (63)  |
| (i) <u>52.247-64</u> , Preference for Privately Owned U.SFlag Commercial Vessels (Nov 2021) ( <u>46 U.S.C. 55305</u> and <u>10 U.S.C. 2631</u> ).   |
| (ii) Alternate I (APR 2003) of <u>52.247-64</u> .   |
| (iii) Alternate II (Nov 2021) of <u>52.247-64</u> .   |
| (c) The Contractor shall comply with the FAR clauses in this paragraph (c), applicable to commercial services, that the Contracting Officer has indicated as being incorporated in this contract by reference to implement provisions of law or Executive orders applicable to acquisitions of commercial products and commercial services: |
| [Contracting Officer check as appropriate.]   |
| (1) <u>52.222-41</u> , Service Contract Labor Standards (AUG 2018) ( <u>41 U.S.C. chapter67</u> ).  |
| (2) <u>52.222-42</u> , Statement of Equivalent Rates for Federal Hires (MAY 2014) ( <u>29 U.S.C. 206</u> and <u>41 U.S.C. chapter 67</u> ).   |
| (3) <u>52.222-43</u> , Fair Labor Standards Act and Service Contract Labor Standards-Price Adjustment (Multiple Year and Option Contracts) (AUG 2018) ( <u>29 U.S.C. 206</u> and <u>41 U.S.C. chapter 67</u> ).   |
| (4) <u>52.222-44</u> , Fair Labor Standards Act and Service Contract Labor Standards-Price Adjustment (May 2014) ( <u>29U.S.C.206</u> and <u>41 U.S.C. chapter 67</u> ).  |
| (5) <u>52.222-51</u> , Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment-Requirements (May 2014) ( <u>41 U.S.C. chapter 67</u> ).  |

- \_\_\_\_\_(6) 52.222-53, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Certain Services-Requirements (MAY 2014) ( 41 U.S.C. chapter 67).

  \_\_\_\_\_(7) 52.222-55, Minimum Wages for Contractor Workers Under Executive Order 14026 (JAN 2022).

  \_\_\_\_\_(8) 52.222-62, Paid Sick Leave Under Executive Order 13706 (JAN 2022) (E.O. 13706).

  \_\_\_\_\_(9) 52.226-6, Promoting Excess Food Donation to Nonprofit Organizations (Jun 2020) ( 42 U.S.C. 1792).
- (d) *Comptroller General Examination of Record*. The Contractor shall comply with the provisions of this paragraph (d) if this contract was awarded using other than sealed bid, is in excess of the simplified acquisition threshold, as defined in FAR <u>2.101</u>, on the date of award of this contract, and does not contain the clause at <u>52.215-2</u>, Audit and Records-Negotiation.
- (1) The Comptroller General of the United States, or an authorized representative of the Comptroller General, shall have access to and right to examine any of the Contractor's directly pertinent records involving transactions related to this contract.
- (2) The Contractor shall make available at its offices at all reasonable times the records, materials, and other evidence for examination, audit, or reproduction, until 3 years after final payment under this contract or for any shorter period specified in FAR subpart 4.7, Contractor Records Retention, of the other clauses of this contract. If this contract is completely or partially terminated, the records relating to the work terminated shall be made available for 3 years after any resulting final termination settlement. Records relating to appeals under the disputes clause or to litigation or the settlement of claims arising under or relating to this contract shall be made available until such appeals, litigation, or claims are finally resolved.
- (3) As used in this clause, records include books, documents, accounting procedures and practices, and other data, regardless of type and regardless of form. This does not require the Contractor to create or maintain any record that the Contractor does not maintain in the ordinary course of business or pursuant to a provision of law.

(e)

(1) Notwithstanding the requirements of the clauses in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (d) of this clause, the Contractor is not required to flow down any FAR clause, other than those in this paragraph (e)(1), in a subcontract for commercial products or commercial services. Unless otherwise indicated below, the extent of the flow down shall be as required by the clause-

- (i) <u>52.203-13</u>, Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (Nov 2021) (<u>41 U.S.C. 3509</u>).
- (ii) <u>52.203-19</u>, Prohibition on Requiring Certain Internal Confidentiality Agreements or Statements (Jan 2017) (section 743 of Division E, Title VII, of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 (Pub. L. 113-235) and its successor provisions in subsequent appropriations acts (and as extended in continuing resolutions)).
- (iii) <u>52.204-23</u>, Prohibition on Contracting for Hardware, Software, and Services Developed or Provided by Kaspersky Lab and Other Covered Entities (Nov 2021) (Section 1634 of Pub. L. 115-91).
- (iv) <u>52.204-25</u>, Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment. (Nov 2021) (Section 889(a)(1)(A) of Pub. L. 115-232).
- (v) <u>52.219-8</u>, Utilization of Small Business Concerns (OCT 2022) (<u>15 U.S.C. 637(d)(2</u>) and (3)), in all subcontracts that offer further subcontracting opportunities. If the subcontract (except subcontracts to small business concerns) exceeds the applicable threshold specified in FAR <u>19.702(a)</u> on the date of subcontract award, the subcontractor must include <u>52.219-8</u> in lower tier subcontracts that offer subcontracting opportunities.
  - (vi) 52.222-21, Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (APR 2015).
  - (vii) <u>52.222-26</u>, Equal Opportunity (SEP 2015) (E.O.11246).
- (viii) <u>52.222-35</u>, Equal Opportunity for Veterans (Jun 2020) ( 38 U.S.C. 4212).
- (ix) <u>52.222-36</u>, Equal Opportunity for Workers with Disabilities (Jun 2020) ( <u>29 U.S.C. 793</u>).
- (x) <u>52.222-37</u>, Employment Reports on Veterans (Jun 2020) (<u>38 U.S.C. 4212</u>).
- (xi) <u>52.222-40</u>, Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act (DEC 2010) (E.O. 13496). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (f) of FAR clause <u>52.222-40</u>.
- (xii) <u>52.222-41</u>, Service Contract Labor Standards (AUG 2018) ( <u>41 U.S.C. chapter 67</u>).

(xiii)

- (A) <u>52.222-50</u>, Combating Trafficking in Persons (Nov 2021) ( <u>22 U.S.C. chapter 78</u> and E.O 13627).
- (B) Alternate I (MAR 2015) of <u>52.222-50</u> ( <u>22 U.S.C. chapter 78 and E.O. 13627</u>).
- (xiv) <u>52.222-51</u>, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment-Requirements (May 2014) (<u>41 U.S.C. chapter 67</u>).
- (xv) <u>52.222-53</u>, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Certain Services-Requirements (MAY 2014) (<u>41 U.S.C. chapter 67</u>).
- (xvi) <u>52.222-54</u>, Employment Eligibility Verification (MAY 2022) (E.O. 12989).
- (xvii) <u>52.222-55</u>, Minimum Wages for Contractor Workers Under Executive Order 14026 (JAN 2022).
- (xviii) <u>52.222-62</u>, Paid Sick Leave Under Executive Order 13706 (JAN 2022) (E.O. 13706).

(xix)

- (A) <u>52.224-3</u>, Privacy Training (Jan 2017) (<u>5 U.S.C. 552a</u>).
  - (B) Alternate I (JAN 2017) of 52.224-3.
- (xx) <u>52.225-26</u>, Contractors Performing Private Security Functions Outside the United States (OCT 2016) (Section 862, as amended, of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008; 10 U.S.C. Subtitle A, Part V, Subpart G Note).
- (xxi) <u>52.226-6</u>, Promoting Excess Food Donation to Nonprofit Organizations (Jun 2020) ( <u>42 U.S.C. 1792</u>). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (e) of FAR clause <u>52.226-6</u>.
- (xxii) <u>52.247-64</u>, Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flag Commercial Vessels (Nov 2021) ( <u>46 U.S.C. 55305</u> and <u>10 U.S.C. 2631</u>). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (d) of FAR clause <u>52.247-64</u>.
- (2) While not required, the Contractor may include in its subcontracts for commercial products and commercial services a minimal number of additional clauses necessary to satisfy its contractual obligations.

### (End of clause)

Alternate I (FEB 2000). As prescribed in 12.301(b)(4)(i), delete paragraph (d) from the basic clause, redesignate paragraph (e) as paragraph (d), and revise the reference to "paragraphs (a), (b), (c), or (d) of this clause" in the redesignated paragraph (d) to read "paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of this clause".

Alternate II (DEC 2022). As prescribed in  $\underline{12.301}$ (b)(4)(ii), substitute the following paragraphs (d)(1) and (e)(1) for paragraphs (d)(1) and (e)(1) of the basic clause as follows:

- (d)(1) The Comptroller General of the United States, an appropriate Inspector General appointed under section 3 or 8 G of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.), or an authorized representative of either of the foregoing officials shall have access to and right to—
- (i) Examine any of the Contractor's or any subcontractors' records that pertain to, and involve transactions relating to, this contract; and
  - (ii) Interview any officer or employee regarding such transactions.
- (e)(1) Notwithstanding the requirements of the clauses in paragraphs (a), (b), and (c), of this clause, the Contractor is not required to flow down any FAR clause in a subcontract for commercial products or commercial services, other than—
- (i) Paragraph (d) of this clause. This paragraph flows down to all subcontracts, except the authority of the Inspector General under paragraph (d)(1)(ii) does not flow down; and
- (ii) Those clauses listed in this paragraph (e)(1). Unless otherwise indicated below, the extent of the flow down shall be as required by the clause-
- (A) <u>52.203-13</u>, Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (Nov 2021) (41 U.S.C. 3509).
- (B) <u>52.203-15</u>, Whistleblower Protections Under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Jun 2010) (Section 1553 of Pub. L. 111-5).
- (C) <u>52.204-23</u>, Prohibition on Contracting for Hardware, Software, and Services Developed or Provided by Kaspersky Lab and Other Covered Entities (Nov 2021) (Section 1634 of Pub. L. 115-91).
- (D) <u>52.204-25</u>, Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment. (Nov 2021) (Section 889(a)(1)(A) of Pub. L. 115-232).

- (E) <u>52.219-8</u>, Utilization of Small Business Concerns (OCT 2022) (<u>15 U.S.C. 637(d)(2)</u> and (3)), in all subcontracts that offer further subcontracting opportunities. If the subcontract (except subcontracts to small business concerns) exceeds the applicable threshold specified in FAR <u>19.702(a)</u> on the date of subcontract award, the subcontractor must include <u>52.219-8</u> in lower tier subcontracts that offer subcontracting opportunities.
  - (F) <u>52.222-21</u>, Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (APR 2015).
  - (G) 52.222-26, Equal Opportunity (SEP 2016) (E.O. 11246).
- (H) <u>52.222-35</u>, Equal Opportunity for Veterans (Jun 2020) (<u>38 U.S.C. 4212</u>).
- (I) <u>52.222-36</u>, Equal Opportunity for Workers with Disabilities (Jun 2020) ( <u>29 U.S.C. 793</u>).
- (J) <u>52.222-40</u>, Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act (DEC 2010) (E.O. 13496). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (f) of FAR clause <u>52.222-40</u>.
- (K) <u>52.222-41</u>, Service Contract Labor Standards (Aug 2018) (<u>41 U.S.C. chapter 67</u>).
- (L) \_\_\_\_(1) <u>52.222-50</u>, Combating Trafficking in Persons (Nov 2021) ( <u>22 U.S.C. chapter 78</u> and E.O 13627).
- \_\_\_ (2) Alternate I (MAR 2015) of <u>52.222-50</u> ( <u>22 U.S.C. chapter 78 and E.O. 13627</u>).
- (M) <u>52.222-51</u>, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment-Requirements (May 2014) ( <u>41 U.S.C. chapter 67</u>).
- (N) <u>52.222-53</u>, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Certain Services-Requirements (MAY 2014) (<u>41 U.S.C. chapter 67</u>).
- (O) <u>52.222-54</u>, Employment Eligibility Verification (MAY 2022) (Executive Order 12989).
- (P) <u>52.222-55</u>, Minimum Wages for Contractor Workers Under Executive Order 14026 (JAN 2022).
- (Q) <u>52.222-62</u>, Paid Sick Leave Under Executive Order 13706 (JAN 2022) (E.O. 13706).

- (R) (1) <u>52.224-3</u>, Privacy Training (JAN 2017) ( <u>5 U.S.C. 552a</u>).
  - (2) Alternate I (JAN 2017) of <u>52.224-3</u>.
- (S) <u>52.225-26</u>, Contractors Performing Private Security Functions Outside the United States (Oct 2016) (Section 862, as amended, of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008; 10 U.S.C. Subtitle A, Part V, Subpart G Note).
- (T) <u>52.226-6</u>, Promoting Excess Food Donation to Nonprofit Organizations. (Jun 2020) ( <u>42 U.S.C. 1792</u>). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (e) of FAR clause 52.226-6.
- (U) <u>52.247-64</u>, Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flag Commercial Vessels (Nov 2021) ( <u>46 U.S.C. 55305</u> and <u>10 U.S.C. 2631</u>). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (d) of FAR clause 52.247-64.

# 52.229-12 TAX ON CERTAIN FOREIGN PROCUREMENTS—NOTICE AND REPRESENTATION (FEB 2021)

(a) *Definitions*. As used in this clause—

Foreign person means any person other than a United States person.

United States person, as defined in 26 U.S.C. 7701(a)(30), means—

- (1) A citizen or resident of the United States.
- (2) A domestic partnership.
- (3) A domestic corporation.
- (4) Any estate (other than a foreign estate, within the meaning of 26 U.S.C. 7701(a)(31)); and
  - (5) Any trust if-
- (i) A court within the United States is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust; and
- (ii) One or more United States persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust.
- (b) This clause applies only to foreign persons. It implements 26 U.S.C. 5000C and its implementing regulations at 26 CFR 1.5000C-1 through 1.5000C-7.

- (1) If the Contractor is a foreign person and has only a partial or no exemption to the withholding, the Contractor shall include the Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Form W-14, Certificate of Foreign Contracting Party Receiving Federal Procurement Payments, with each voucher or invoice submitted under this contract throughout the period in which this status is applicable. The excise tax withholding is applied at the payment level, not at the contract level. The Contractor should revise each IRS Form W-14 submission to reflect the exemption (if any) that applies to that particular invoice, such as a different exemption applying. In the absence of a completed IRS Form W-14 accompanying a payment request, the default withholding percentage is 2 percent for the section 5000C withholding for that payment request. Information about IRS Form W-14 and its separate instructions is available via the internet at www.irs.gov/w14.
- (2) If the Contractor is a foreign person and has indicated in its offer in the provision 52.229-11, Tax on Certain Foreign Procurements—Notice and Representation, that it is fully exempt from the withholding, and certified the full exemption on the IRS Form W-14, and if that full exemption no longer applies due to a change in circumstances during the performance of the contract that causes the Contractor to become subject to the withholding for the 2 percent excise tax then the Contractor shall—
- (i) Notify the Contracting Officer within 30 days of a change in circumstances that causes the Contractor to be subject to the excise tax withholding under 26 U.S.C. 5000C; and
  - (ii) Comply with paragraph (c)(1) of this clause.
- (d) The Government will withhold a full 2 percent of each payment unless the Contractor claims an exemption. If the Contractor enters a ratio in Line 12 of the IRS Form W-14, the result of Line 11 divided by Line 10, the Government will withhold from each payment an amount equal to 2 percent multiplied by the contract ratio. If the Contractor marks box 9 of the IRS Form W-14 (rather than completes Lines 10 through 12), the Contractor must identify and enter the specific exempt and nonexempt amounts in Line 15 of the IRS Form W-14; the Government will then withhold 2 percent only from the nonexempt amount. See the IRS Form W-14 and its instructions.
- (e) Exemptions from the withholding under this clause are described at 26 CFR 1.5000C-1(d)(5) through (7). Any exemption claimed and self-certified on the IRS Form W-14 is subject to audit by the IRS. Any disputes regarding the imposition and collection of the 26 U.S.C. 5000C tax are adjudicated by the IRS as the 26 U.S.C. 5000C tax is a tax matter, not a contract issue.
  - (f) Taxes imposed under 26 U.S.C. 5000C may not be—
  - (1) Included in the contract price; nor

# (2) Reimbursed.

(g) A taxpayer may, for a fee, seek advice from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) as to the proper tax treatment of a transaction. This is called a private letter ruling. Also, the IRS may publish a revenue ruling, which is an official interpretation by the IRS of the Internal Revenue Code, related statutes, tax treaties, and regulations. A revenue ruling is the conclusion of the IRS on how the law is applied to a specific set of facts. For questions relating to the interpretation of the IRS regulations go to <a href="https://www.irs.gov/help/tax-law-questions">https://www.irs.gov/help/tax-law-questions</a>.

(End of clause)

# ADDENDUM TO CONTRACT CLAUSES FAR AND DOSAR CLAUSES NOT PRESCRIBED IN PART 12

## 52.252-2 CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (FEB 1998)

This contract incorporates one or more clauses by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. In addition, the full text of a clause may be accessed electronically at: Acquisition.gov this address is subject to change.

If the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) is not available at the location indicated above, use the Department of State Acquisition website at <u>e-CFR</u> to see the links to the FAR. You may also use an Internet "search engine" (for example, Google, Yahoo or Excite) to obtain the latest location of the most current FAR.

THE FOLLOWING FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATIONS (FAR) CLAUSES ARE INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE:

### CLAUSE TITLE AND DATE

52.203-17 CONTRACTOR EMPLOYEE WHISTLEBLOWER RIGHTS AND REQUIREMENT TO INFORM EMPLOYEES OF WHISTLEBLOWER RIGHTS (JUN 2020)

52.204-18 COMMERCIAL AND GOVERNMENT ENTITY CODE MAINTENANCE

(AUG 2020)

- 52.204-25 PROHIBITION ON CONTRACTING FOR CERTAIN TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND VIDEO SURVEILLANCE SERVICES OR EQUIPMENT (NOV 2021)
- 52.225-14 INCONSISTENCY BETWEEN ENGLISH VERSION AND TRANSLATION OF CONTRACT (FEB 2000)

| 52.228-5   | INSURANCE - WORK ON A GOVERNMENT INSTALLATION |
|------------|---|
| (JAN 1997) |   |

52.229-6 FOREIGN FIXED PRICE CONTRACTS (FEB 2013)

52.204-9 PERSONAL IDENTITY VERIFICATION OF CONTRACTOR PERSONNEL (JAN 2011)

# 52.244-6 SUBCONTRACTS FOR COMMERCIAL PRODUCTS AND COMMERCIAL SERVICES (DEC 2022)

THE FOLLOWING FAR CLAUSES ARE PROVIDED IN FULL TEXT:

# 52.232-19 AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR THE NEXT FISCAL YEAR (APR 1984)

Funds are not presently available for performance under this contract beyond September 30 of the current calendar year. The Government's obligation for performance of this contract beyond that date is contingent upon the availability of appropriated funds from which payment for contract purposes can be made. No legal liability on the part of the Government for any payment may arise for performance under this contract beyond September 30 of the current calendar year, until funds are made available to the Contracting Officer for performance and until the Contractor receives notice of availability, to be confirmed in writing by the Contracting Officer.

(End of clause)

### THE FOLLOWING DOSAR CLAUSE(S) IS/ARE PROVIDED IN FULL TEXT:

### 652.215-70 EXAMINATION OF RECORDS

- (a) With respect to matters related to this contract or a subcontract hereunder, the Department of State Office of the Inspector General, or an authorized representative, shall have upon request:
- (1) Complete, prompt, and free access to all Contractor and Subcontractor files (in any format), documents, records, data, premises, and employees, except as limited by law; and
- (2) The right to interview any current Contractor and Subcontractor personnel, individually and directly, with respect to such matters.
- (b) This clause may not be construed to require the contractor or any subcontractor to create or maintain any record that the contractor or subcontractor does not maintain in the ordinary course of business or pursuant to a provision of law.
- (c) The Contractor shall insert a clause containing all the terms of this clause, including this <u>paragraph</u> (c), in all subcontracts under this contract other than acquisitions described in Federal Acquisition Regulation 15.209(b)(1).

### (End of clause)

# 652.232-70 PAYMENT SCHEDULE AND INVOICE SUBMISSION (FIXED PRICED) (AUG 1999)

- (a) General. The Government shall pay the Contractor as full compensation for all work required, performed, and accepted under this contract the firm fixed price stated in this contract.
- (b) Invoice Submission. The Contractor shall submit invoices in an original to the address provided once the order is awarded. To constitute a proper invoice, the invoice shall include all the items required by FAR 32.905(e)

| ()       | c) Contractor Reinitiance Address. The Government will make payment to        |
|----------|---|
| the Cont | ractor's address stated on the cover page of this contract, unless a separate |
| remittan | ce address is shown below:  |
|          |   |
|          |   |
|          |   |
|          |   |

# 652.237-72 OBSERVANCE OF LEGAL HOLIDAYS AND ADMINISTRATIVE (FEB 2015)

(a) The Department of State observes the following days as holidays:

New Year's Day Birthday of Martin Luther King, Jr Washington's Birthday Holy Thursday Good Friday Easter Saturday Day of the Americas Honduran Labor Day Memorial Day Juneteenth National Independence Day Labor Day Central American Independence Day Francisco Morazán's Birthday Discovery of America Honduran Armed Forces Day Columbus Day

Veteran's Day Thanksgiving Day Christmas Day

Any other day designated by Federal law, Executive Order, or Presidential Proclamation.

- (b) When New Year's Day, Independence Day, Veterans Day or Christmas Day falls on a Sunday, the following Monday is observed; if it falls on Saturday the preceding Friday is observed. Observance of such days by Government personnel shall not be cause for additional period of performance or entitlement to compensation except as set forth in the contract. If the contractor's personnel work on a holiday, no form of holiday or other premium compensation will be reimbursed either as a direct or indirect cost, unless authorized pursuant to an overtime clause elsewhere in this contract.
- (c) When the Department of State grants administrative leave to its Government employees, assigned contractor personnel in Government facilities shall also be dismissed. However, the contractor agrees to continue to provide sufficient personnel to perform round-the-clock requirements of critical tasks already in operation or scheduled and shall be guided by the instructions issued by the contracting officer or his/her duly authorized representative.
- (d) For fixed-price contracts, if services are not required or provided because the building is closed due to inclement weather, unanticipated holidays declared by the President, failure of Congress to appropriate funds, or similar reasons, deductions will be computed as follows:
- (1) The deduction rate in dollars per day will be equal to the per month contract price divided by 21 days per month.
- (2) The deduction rate in dollars per day will be multiplied by the number of days services are not required or provided.

If services are provided for portions of days, appropriate adjustment will be made by the contracting officer to ensure that the contractor is compensated for services provided.

(e) If administrative leave is granted to contractor personnel as a result of conditions stipulated in any "Excusable Delays" clause of this contract, it will be without loss to the contractor. The cost of salaries and wages to the contractor for the period of any such excused absence shall be a reimbursable item of direct cost hereunder for employees whose regular time is normally charged, and a reimbursable item of indirect cost for employees whose time is normally charged indirectly in accordance with the contractors accounting policy.

(End of clause)

#### 652.242-70 CONTRACTING OFFICER'S REPRESENTATIVE (COR) (AUG 1999)

- (a) The Contracting Officer may designate in writing one or more Government employees, by name or position title, to take action for the Contracting Officer under this contract. Each designee shall be identified as a Contracting Officer's Representative (COR). Such designation(s) shall specify the scope and limitations of the authority so delegated; provided, that the designee shall not change the terms or conditions of the contract, unless the COR is a warranted Contracting Officer and this authority is delegated in the designation.
  - (b) The COR for this contract is **FM Engineering Tech. Assistant** (End of clause)

### 652.242-73 AUTHORIZATION AND PERFORMANCE (AUG 1999)

- (a) The Contractor warrants the following:
  - (1) That is has obtained authorization to operate and do business in the country or countries in which this contract will be performed;
  - (2) That is has obtained all necessary licenses and permits required to perform this contract; and
  - (3) That it shall comply fully with all laws, decrees, labor standards, and regulations of said country or countries during the performance of this contract.
- (b) If the party performing the work will be a subcontractor or joint venture partner, then such subcontractor or joint venture partner agrees to the requirements of paragraph (a) of this clause.

(End of clause)

### 652.243-70 NOTICES (AUG 1999)

Any notice or request relating to this contract given by either party to the other shall be in writing. Said notice or request shall be mailed or delivered by hand to the other party at the address provided in the schedule of the contract. All modifications to the contract must be made in writing by the Contracting Officer.

#### SECTION 3 – SOLICITATION PROVISIONS

52.212-1 INSTRUCTIONS TO OFFERORS -- COMMERCIAL ITEMS (NOV 2021) IS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (SEE SF-1449, BLOCK 27A)

#### **ADDENDUM TO 52.212-1**

- A. Summary of instructions. Each offer must consist of the following:
- A.1. A completed solicitation price section
- A.2. Information demonstrating the offeror's/quoter's ability to perform, including:
  - (1) Name of a Project Manager (or another liaison to the Embassy/Consulate) who understands written and spoken English.
  - (2) Evidence that the offeror/quoter operates an established business with a permanent address and telephone listing in *Honduras* or plans to establish an office within 30 days of contract award.
  - (3) List of clients over the past 3 years, demonstrating prior experience with relevant past performance information and references (provide dates of contracts, places of performance, value of contracts, contact names, telephone and fax numbers and email addresses). If the offeror has not performed comparable services in *Honduras*, then the offeror shall provide its international experience. Offerors are advised that the past performance information requested above may be discussed with the client's contact person. In addition, the client's contact person may be asked to comment on the offeror's:
    - Quality of services provided under the contract.
    - Compliance with contract terms and conditions.
    - Effectiveness of management.
    - Willingness to cooperate with and assist the customer in routine matters, and when confronted by unexpected difficulties; and
    - Business integrity / business conduct.

The Government will use past performance information primarily to assess an offeror's capability to meet the solicitation performance requirements, including the relevance and successful performance of the offeror's work experience. The Government may also use this data to evaluate the credibility of the offeror's proposal. In addition, the Contracting Officer may use past performance information in making a determination of responsibility.

- (4) The offeror shall address its plan to obtain all licenses and permits required by local law (see DOSAR 652.242-73 in Section 2). This evidence includes "Permiso de Operaciones, RTN, etc."). If offeror already possesses the locally required licenses and permits, a copy shall be provided.
  - (5) Acknowledgement of solicitation Amendments if any.

# ADDENDUM TO SOLICITATION PROVISIONS FAR AND DOSAR PROVISIONS NOT PRESCRIBED IN PART 12

# 52.252-1 SOLICITATION PROVISIONS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (FEB 1998)

This solicitation incorporates one or more solicitation provisions by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. In addition, the full text of a clause may be accessed electronically at Acquisition.gov this address is subject to change.

If the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) is not available at the location indicated above, use the Department of State Acquisition website at <u>e-CFR</u> to see the links to the FAR. You may also use an Internet "search engine" (for example, Google, Yahoo or Excite) to obtain the latest location of the most current FAR.

# THE FOLLOWING FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION SOLICITATION PROVISIONS ARE INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE:

## PROVISION TITLE AND DATE

52.204-16 COMMERCIAL AND GOVERNMENT ENTITY CODE REPORTING (AUG 2020)

# 52.214-34 SUBMISSION OF OFFERS IN THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE (APR 1991)

The following DOSAR provision(s) is/are provided in full text:

# 52.237-1 SITE VISIT (APR 1984)

A site visit has been scheduled for May 3, 2023, at 10:00 am. at Colonia Viera, Carretera al Hatillo in Tegucigalpa. Submit the names of attendees by COB April 28, 2023, to the email address: proctgu@state.gov.

### 652.206-70 ADVOCATE FOR COMPETITION/OMBUDSMAN (FEB 2015)

(a) The Department of State's Advocate for Competition is responsible for assisting industry in removing restrictive requirements from Department of State solicitations and removing barriers to full and open competition and use of commercial items. If such a solicitation is considered competitively restrictive or does not appear properly conducive to competition and commercial practices, potential offerors are encouraged first to contact the contracting office for the solicitation. If concerns remain unresolved, contact:

- (1) For solicitations issued by the Office of Acquisition Management (A/LM/AQM) or a Regional Procurement Support Office, the A/LM/AQM Advocate for Competition, at AQMCompetitionAdvocate@state.gov.
- (2) For all others, the Department of State Advocate for Competition at <a href="mailto:cat@state.gov">cat@state.gov</a>.
- (b) The Department of State's Acquisition Ombudsman has been appointed to hear concerns from potential offerors and contractors during the pre-award and post-award phases of this acquisition. The role of the ombudsman is not to diminish the authority of the contracting officer, the Technical Evaluation Panel or Source Evaluation Board, or the selection official. The purpose of the ombudsman is to facilitate the communication of concerns, issues, disagreements, and recommendations of interested parties to the appropriate Government personnel, and work to resolve them. When requested and appropriate, the ombudsman will maintain strict confidentiality as to the source of the concern. The ombudsman does not participate in the evaluation of proposals, the source selection process, or the adjudication of formal contract disputes. Interested parties are invited to contact the contracting activity ombudsman, [insert name], at \_\_\_ [insert telephone and fax numbers]. For an American Embassy or overseas post, refer to the numbers below for the Department Acquisition Ombudsman. Concerns, issues, disagreements, and recommendations which cannot be resolved at a contracting activity level may be referred to the Department of State Acquisition Ombudsman at (703) 516-1696 or write to: Department of State, Acquisition Ombudsman, Office of the Procurement Executive (A/OPE), Suite 1060, SA-15, Washington, DC 20520.

(End of provision)

#### SECTION 4 – EVALUATION FACTORS

The Government intends to award a contract/purchase order resulting from this solicitation to the lowest priced, technically acceptable offeror/quoter who is a responsible contractor. The evaluation process shall include the following:

- a) Compliance Review. The Government will perform an initial review of proposals/quotations received to determine compliance with the terms of the solicitation. The Government may reject as unacceptable proposals/quotations which do not conform to the solicitation.
- b) Technical Acceptability. Technical acceptability will include a review of past performance and experience as defined in Section 3, along with any technical information provided by the offeror with its proposal/quotation.
- c) Price Evaluation. The lowest price will be determined by multiplying the offered prices times the estimated quantities in "Prices", and arriving at a grand total, including all options. The Government reserves the right to reject proposals that are unreasonably low or high in price.
- d) Responsibility Determination. The Government will determine contractor responsibility by analyzing whether the apparent successful offeror complies with the requirements of FAR Subpart 9.1, including:
  - Adequate financial resources or the ability to obtain them.
  - Ability to comply with the required performance period, taking into consideration all existing commercial and governmental business commitments.
  - Satisfactory record of integrity and business ethics.
  - Necessary organization, experience, and skills or the ability to obtain them.
  - Necessary equipment and facilities or the ability to obtain them; and
  - Be otherwise qualified and eligible to receive an award under applicable laws and regulations.

# ADDENDUM TO EVALUATION FACTORS FAR AND DOSAR PROVISION(S) NOT PRESCRIBED IN PART 12

The following FAR provision(s) is/are provided in full text:

# 52.217-5 EVALUATION OF OPTIONS (JUL 1990)

The Government will evaluate offers for award purposes by adding the total price for all options to the total price for the basic requirement. Evaluation of options will not obligate the Government to exercise the option(s).

(End of clause)

### SECTION 5 - REPRESENTATIONS AND CERTIFICATIONS

# 52.204-24 REPRESENTATION REGARDING CERTAIN TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND VIDEO SURVEILLANCE SERVICES OR EQUIPMENT (OCT 2020)

The Offeror shall not complete the representation at paragraph (d)(1) of this provision if the offeror has represented that it "does not provide covered telecommunications equipment or

services as a part of its offered products or services to the Government in the performance of any contract, subcontract, or other contractual instrument" in paragraph (c)(1) in the provision at 52.204-26, Covered Telecommunications Equipment or Services—Representation, or in paragraph (v)(2)(i) of the provision at 52.212-3, Offeror Representations and Certifications—Commercial Items. The Offeror shall not complete the representation in paragraph (d)(2) of this.

provision if the Offeror has represented that it "does not use covered telecommunications equipment or services, or any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services" in paragraph (c)(2) of the provision at 52.204-26, or in paragraph (v)(2)(ii) of the provision at 52.212-3.

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision—

Backhaul, covered telecommunications equipment or services, critical technology, interconnection arrangements, reasonable inquiry, roaming, and substantial or essential component have the meanings provided in the clause 52.204-25, Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment.

- (b) Prohibition.
- (1) Section 889(a)(1)(A) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Pub. L. 115-232) prohibits the head of an executive agency on or after August 13, 2019, from procuring or obtaining, or extending or renewing a contract to procure or obtain, any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system. Nothing in the prohibition shall be construed to—
- (i)Prohibit the head of an executive agency from procuring with an entity to provide a

service that connects to the facilities of a third-party, such as backhaul, roaming, or interconnection arrangements; or

(ii)Cover telecommunications equipment that cannot route or redirect user data traffic.

or cannot permit visibility into any user data or packets that such equipment transmits or otherwise handles.

(2) Section 889(a)(1)(B) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal

Year 2019 (Pub. L. 115-232) prohibits the head of an executive agency on or after August 13, 2020, from entering into a contract or extending or renewing a contract with an entity that uses any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system. This prohibition applies to the use of covered telecommunications equipment or services, regardless of whether that use is in performance of work under a federal contract. Nothing in the prohibition shall be construed to—

(i)Prohibit the head of an executive agency from procuring with an entity to provide a

service that connects to the facilities of a third-party, such as backhaul, roaming, or interconnection arrangements; or

(ii)Cover telecommunications equipment that cannot route or redirect user data traffic.

or cannot permit visibility into any user data or packets that such equipment transmits or otherwise handles.

(c) *Procedures*. The Offeror shall review the list of excluded parties in the System for Award

Management (SAM) (https://www.sam.gov) for entities excluded from receiving federal awards for "covered telecommunications equipment or services".

- (d) Representation. The Offeror represents that—
- (1) It  $\square$  will,  $\square$  will not provide covered telecommunications equipment or services to the

Government in the performance of any contract, subcontract or other contractual instrument

resulting from this solicitation. The Offeror shall provide the additional disclosure information.

required at paragraph (e)(1) of this section if the Offeror responds "will" in paragraph (d)(1) of this section; and

(2) After conducting a reasonable inquiry, for purposes of this representation, the Offeror represents that—

It  $\square$  does,  $\square$  does not use covered telecommunications equipment or services, or use any.

equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services. The Offeror shall provide the additional disclosure information required at paragraph (e)(2) of this section if the Offeror responds "does" in paragraph (d)(2) of this section.

- (e) Disclosures.
- (1) Disclosure for the representation in paragraph (d)(1) of this provision. If the Offeror has responded "will" in the representation in paragraph (d)(1) of this provision, the Offeror shall provide the following information as part of the offer:
  - (i)For covered equipment—
- (A)The entity that produced the covered telecommunications equipment (include entity name, unique entity identifier, CAGE code, and whether the entity was the original equipment manufacturer (OEM) or a distributor, if known).
  - (B)A description of all covered telecommunications equipment offered (include brand; model number, such as OEM number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number; and item description, as applicable); and
  - (C)Explanation of the proposed use of covered telecommunications equipment and any factors relevant to determining if such use would be permissible under the prohibition in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision.
  - (ii)For covered services—
- (A)If the service is related to item maintenance: A description of all covered.

  telecommunications services offered (include on the item being maintained: Brand;

model number, such as OEM number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number; and item description, as applicable); or

- (B)If not associated with maintenance, the Product Service Code (PSC) of the service being provided; and explanation of the proposed use of covered telecommunications services and any factors relevant to determining if such use would be permissible under the prohibition in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision.
- (2) Disclosure for the representation in paragraph (d)(2) of this provision. If the Offeror has responded "does" in the representation in paragraph (d)(2) of this provision, the Offeror shall provide the following information as part of the offer:
  - (i)For covered equipment—
  - (A)The entity that produced the covered telecommunications equipment (include

entity name, unique entity identifier, CAGE code, and whether the entity was the OEM or a distributor, if known).

- (B)A description of all covered telecommunications equipment offered (include brand; model number, such as OEM number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number; and item description, as applicable); and
- (C)Explanation of the proposed use of covered telecommunications equipment and any factors relevant to determining if such use would be permissible under the prohibition in paragraph (b)(2) of this provision.

#### (ii)For covered services—

(A)If the service is related to item maintenance: A description of all covered.

telecommunications services offered (include on the item being maintained: Brand; model number, such as OEM number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number; and item description, as applicable); or

(B)If not associated with maintenance, the PSC of the service being provided; and explanation of the proposed use of covered telecommunications services and any factors relevant to determining if such use would be permissible under the prohibition in paragraph (b)(2) of this. provision.

(End of provision)

# 52.204-26 COVERED TELECOMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT OR SERVICES - REPRESENTATION (OCT 2020)

- (a) *Definitions*. As used in this provision, "covered telecommunications equipment or services" and "reasonable inquiry" have the meaning provided in the clause 52.204-25, Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment.
- (b) *Procedures*. The Offeror shall review the list of excluded parties in the System for Award Management (SAM) (https://www.sam.gov) for entities excluded from receiving federal awards for "covered telecommunications equipment or services".
- (c) Representations. (1) The Offeror represents that it [] does, [] does not provide covered telecommunications equipment or services as a part of its offered products or services to the Government in the performance of any contract, subcontract, or other contractual instrument.

(2) After conducting a reasonable inquiry for purposes of this representation, the Offeror represents that it [] does, [] does not use covered telecommunications equipment or services, or any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services.

(End of provision)

# 52.212-3 OFFEROR REPRESENTATIONS AND CERTIFICATIONS-COMMERCIAL ITEMS (NOV 2021)

The Offeror shall complete only paragraph (b) of this provision if the Offeror has completed the annual representations and certification electronically in the System for Award Management (SAM) accessed through <a href="https://www.sam.gov">https://www.sam.gov</a>. If the Offeror has not completed the annual representations and certifications electronically, the Offeror shall complete only paragraphs (c) through (v)) of this provision.

### (a) Definitions. As used in this provision—

"Covered telecommunications equipment or services" has the meaning provided in the clause <u>52.204-25</u>, Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment.

Economically disadvantaged women-owned small business (EDWOSB) concern means a small business concern that is at least 51 percent directly and unconditionally owned by, and the management and daily business operations of which are controlled by, one or more women who are citizens of the United States and who are economically disadvantaged in accordance with 13 CFR part 127. It automatically qualifies as a women-owned small business eligible under the WOSB Program.

Forced or indentured child labor means all work or service—

- (1) Exacted from any person under the age of 18 under the menace of any penalty for its nonperformance and for which the worker does not offer himself voluntarily; or
- (2) Performed by any person under the age of 18 pursuant to a contract the enforcement of which can be accomplished by process or penalties.

Highest-level owner means the entity that owns or controls an immediate owner of the offeror, or that owns or controls one or more entities that control an immediate owner of the offeror. No entity owns or exercises control of the highest-level owner.

Immediate owner means an entity, other than the offeror, which has direct control of the offeror. Indicators of control include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following: ownership or interlocking management, identity of interests among family members, shared facilities and equipment, and the common use of employees.

Inverted domestic corporation, means a foreign incorporated entity that meets the definition of an inverted domestic corporation under <u>6 U.S.C. 395(b)</u>, applied in accordance with the rules and definitions of <u>6 U.S.C. 395(c)</u>.

Manufactured end product means any end product in product and service codes (PSCs) 1000-9999, except—

- (1) PSC 5510, Lumber and Related Basic Wood Materials.
- (2) Product or Service Group (PSG) 87, Agricultural Supplies.
- (3) PSG 88, Live Animals.
- (4) PSG 89, Subsistence.
- (5) PSC 9410, Crude Grades of Plant Materials.
- (6) PSC 9430, Miscellaneous Crude Animal Products, Inedible.
- (7) PSC 9440, Miscellaneous Crude Agricultural and Forestry Products.
- (8) PSC 9610, Ores.
- (9) PSC 9620, Minerals, Natural and Synthetic; and
- (10) PSC 9630, Additive Metal Materials.

Place of manufacture means the place where an end product is assembled out of components, or otherwise made or processed from raw materials into the finished product that is to be provided to the Government. If a product is disassembled and reassembled, the place of reassembly is not the place of manufacture.

Predecessor means an entity that is replaced by a successor and includes any predecessors of the predecessor.

Reasonable inquiry has the meaning provided in the clause  $\underline{52.204-25}$ , Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment .

Restricted business operations mean business operations in Sudan that include power production activities, mineral extraction activities, oil-related activities, or the production of military equipment, as those terms are defined in the Sudan Accountability and Divestment Act of 2007 (Pub. L. 110-174). Restricted business operations do not include business operations that the person (as that term is defined in Section 2 of the Sudan Accountability and Divestment Act of 2007) conducting the business can demonstrate—

- (1) Are conducted under contract directly and exclusively with the regional government of southern Sudan.
- (2) Are conducted pursuant to specific authorization from the Office of Foreign Assets Control in the Department of the Treasury or are expressly exempted under Federal law from the requirement to be conducted under such authorization.
  - (3) Consist of providing goods or services to marginalized populations of Sudan.
- (4) Consist of providing goods or services to an internationally recognized peacekeeping force or humanitarian organization.
- (5) Consist of providing goods or services that are used only to promote health or education; or
  - (6) Have been voluntarily suspended. "Sensitive technology "—
    Sensitive technology —
- (1) Means hardware, software, telecommunications equipment, or any other technology that is to be used specifically—
  - (i) To restrict the free flow of unbiased information in Iran; or
  - (ii) To disrupt, monitor, or otherwise restrict speech of the people of Iran; and
- (2) Does not include information or informational materials the export of which the President does not have the authority to regulate or prohibit pursuant to section 203(b)(3) of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1702(b)(3)).

Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern —

- (1) Means a small business concern —
- (i) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans; and
- (ii) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more service-disabled veteransor, in the case of a service-disabled veteran with permanent and severe disability, the spouse or permanent caregiver of such veteran.
- (2) Service-disabled veteran means a veteran, as defined in <u>38 U.S.C. 101(2)</u>, with a disability that is service connected, as defined in <u>38 U.S.C. 101(16)</u>.

Small business concern —

- (1) Means a concern, including its affiliates, which is independently owned and operated, not dominant in the field of operation in which it is bidding on Government contracts, and qualified as a small business under the criteria in 13 CFR part 121 and size standards in this solicitation.
- (2) Affiliates, as used in this definition, means business concerns, one of whom directly or indirectly controls or has the power to control the others, or a third party or parties' control or have the power to control the others. In determining whether affiliation exists, consideration is given to all appropriate factors including common ownership, common management, and contractual relationships. SBA determines affiliation based on the factors set forth at 13 CFR 121.103.

Small, disadvantaged business concern, consistent with 13 CFR 124.1002, means a small business concern under the size standard applicable to the acquisition, that—

- (1) Is at least 51 percent unconditionally and directly owned (as defined at 13 CFR 124.105) by—
- (i) One or more socially disadvantaged (as defined at 13 CFR 124.103) and economically disadvantaged (as defined at 13 CFR 124.104) individuals who are citizens of the United States; and
- (ii) Each individual claiming economic disadvantage has a net worth not exceeding \$750,000 after taking into account the applicable exclusions set forth at 13 CFR124.104(c)(2); and
- (2) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled (as defined at 13.CFR 124.106) by individuals, who meet the criteria in paragraphs (1)(i) and (ii) of this definition.

Subsidiary means an entity in which more than 50 percent of the entity is owned—

- (1) Directly by a parent corporation; or
- (2) Through another subsidiary of a parent corporation

Successor means an entity that has replaced a predecessor by acquiring the assets and conducting the affairs of the predecessor under a new name (often through acquisition or merger). The term "successor " does not include new offices/divisions of the same company or a company that only changes its name. The extent of the responsibility of the successor for the liabilities of the predecessor may vary, depending on State law and specific circumstances.

Veteran-owned small business concern means a small business concern —

- (1) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more veterans (as defined at 38 U.S.C. 101(2)) or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more veterans; and
- (2) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more veterans.

Women-owned small business (WOSB) concern eligible under the WOSB Program (in accordance with 13 CFR part 127), means a small business concern that is at least 51 percent directly and unconditionally owned by, and the management and daily business operations of which are controlled by, one or more women who are citizens of the United States .

Women-owned small business concern means a small business concern —

- (1) That is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women; or, in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more women; and
- (2) Whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.

(b)

- (1) Annual Representations and Certifications. Any changes provided by the Offeror in paragraph (b)(2) of this provision do not automatically change the representations and certifications in SAM.

[Offeror to identify the applicable paragraphs at (c) through (v) of this provision that the offeror has completed for the purposes of this solicitation only, if any.

These amended representation(s) and/or certification(s) are also incorporated in this offer and are current, accurate, and complete as of the date of this offer.

Any changes provided by the offeror are applicable to this solicitation only, and do not result in an update to the representations and certifications posted electronically on SAM.]

- (c) Offerors must complete the following representations when the resulting contract will be performed in the United States or its outlying areas. Check all that apply.
- (1) Small business concern. The offeror represents as part of its offer that it  $\Box$  is,  $\Box$  is not a small business concern.
- (2) Veteran-owned small business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents as part of its offer that it  $\Box$  is,  $\Box$  is not a veteran-owned small business concern.
- (3) Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a veteran-owned small business concern in paragraph (c)(2) of this provision.] The offeror represents as part of its offer that it  $\Box$  is,  $\Box$  is not a service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern.
- (4) Small, disadvantaged business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents, that it  $\Box$  is,  $\Box$  is not a small, disadvantaged business concern as defined in 13 CFR124.1002.
- (5) Women-owned small business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents that it  $\Box$  is,  $\Box$  is not a women-owned small business concern.
- (6) WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a women-owned small business concern in paragraph (c)(5) of this provision.] The offeror represents that-
- (i) It  $\Box$  is,  $\Box$  is not a WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program, has provided all the required documents to the WOSB Repository, and no change in circumstances or adverse decisions have been issued that affects its eligibility; and
- (ii) It □ is, □ is not a joint venture that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR part 127, and the representation in paragraph (c)(6)(i) of this provision is accurate for each WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program participating in the joint venture. [The offeror shall enter the name or names of the WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program and other small businesses that are participating in the joint venture:

  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.] Each WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program participating in the joint venture shall submit a separate signed copy of the WOSB representation.

| (7) Economically disadvantaged women-owned small business (EDWOSB) concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program in (c)(6) of this provision.] The offeror represents that-   |
|---|
| (i) It $\square$ is, $\square$ is not an EDWOSB concern, has provided all the required documents to the WOSB Repository, and no change in circumstances or adverse decisions have been issued that affects its eligibility; and   |
| (ii) It $\square$ is, $\square$ is not a joint venture that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR part 127, and the representation in paragraph (c)(7)(i) of this provision is accurate for each EDWOSB concern participating in the joint venture. [The offeror shall enter the name or names of the EDWOSB concern and other small businesses that are participating in the joint venture:] Each EDWOSB concern participating in the joint venture shall submit a separate signed copy of the EDWOSB representation. |
| <b>Note:</b> Complete paragraphs $(c)(8)$ and $(c)(9)$ only if this solicitation is expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold.  |
| (8) Women-owned business concern (other than small business concern). [Complete only if the offeror is a women-owned business concern and did not represent itself as a small business concern in paragraph $(c)(1)$ of this provision.] The offeror represents that it $\Box$ is a women-owned business concern.   |
| (9) <i>Tie</i> bid <i>priority for</i> labor surplus area <i>concerns</i> . If this is an invitation for bid, small business offerors may identify the labor surplus areas in which costs to be incurred on account of manufacturing or production (by offeror or first-tier subcontractors) amount to more than 50 percent of the contract price:  |
| (10) HUBZone small business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph $(c)(1)$ of this provision.] The offeror represents, as part of its offer, that—   |
| (i) It $\square$ is, $\square$ is not a HUBZone small business concern listed, on the date of this representation, on the List of Qualified HUBZone Small Business Concerns maintained by the Small Business Administration, and no material changes in ownership and control, principal office, or HUBZone employee percentage have occurred since it was certified in accordance with 13 CFR Part 126; and  |
| (ii) It □ is, □ is not a HUBZone joint venture that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR Part 126, and the representation in paragraph (c)(10)(i) of this provision is accurate for each HUBZone small business concern participating in the HUBZone joint venture. [The offeror shall enter the names of each of the HUBZone small business concerns participating in the HUBZone joint venture:] Each HUBZone small business concern participating in   |

the HUBZone joint venture shall submit a separate signed copy of the HUBZone representation.

- (d) Representations required to implement provisions of Executive Order11246-
- (1) Previous contracts and compliance. The offeror represents that-
- (i) It  $\Box$  has,  $\Box$  has not participated in a previous contract or subcontract subject to the Equal Opportunity clause of this solicitation; and
  - (ii) It  $\Box$  has,  $\Box$  has not filed all required compliance reports.
  - (2) Affirmative Action Compliance. The offeror represents that-
- (i) It  $\Box$  has developed and has on file,  $\Box$  has not developed and does not have on file, at each establishment, affirmative action programs required by rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor (41 CFR parts 60-1 and 60-2), or
- (ii) It  $\Box$  has not previously had contracts subject to the written affirmative action programs requirement of the rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor.
- (e) Certification Regarding Payments to Influence Federal Transactions (31 <a href="http://uscode.house.gov/">http://uscode.house.gov/</a> U.S.C. 1352). (Applies only if the contract is expected to exceed \$150,000.) By submission of its offer, the offeror certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief that no Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress or an employee of a Member of Congress on his or her behalf in connection with the award of any resultant contract. If any registrants under the Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995 have made a lobbying contact on behalf of the offeror with respect to this contract, the offeror shall complete and submit, with its offer, OMB Standard Form LLL, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities, to provide the name of the registrants. The offeror need not report regularly employed officers or employees of the offeror to whom payments of reasonable compensation were made.
- (f) *Buy American Certificate*. (Applies only if the clause at Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) <u>52.225-1</u>, Buy American-Supplies , is included in this solicitation .)

(1)

(i) The Offeror certifies that each end product, except those listed in paragraph (f)(2) of this provision, is a domestic end product.

- (ii) The Offeror shall list as foreign end products those end products manufactured in the United States that do not qualify as domestic end products.
- (iii) The terms "domestic end product," "end product," "foreign end product," and "United States" are defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American-Supplies."

### (2) Foreign End Products:

| Line-Item No. | Country of Origin |
|---------------|-------------------|
|               |                   |
|               |                   |
|               |                   |

[List as necessary]

(3) The Government will evaluate offers in accordance with the policies and procedures of FAR part 25.

(g)

(1) Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act Certificate. (Applies only if the clause at FAR <u>52.225-3</u>, Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act, is included in this solicitation.)

(i)

- (A) The Offeror certifies that each end product, except those listed in paragraph (g)(1)(ii) or (iii) of this provision, is a domestic end product.
- (B) The terms "Bahrainian, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian end product," "domestic end product," "end product," "foreign end product," "Free Trade Agreement country," "Free Trade Agreement country end product," "Israeli end product," and "United States" are defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act."
- (ii) The Offeror certifies that the following supplies are Free Trade Agreement country end products (other than Bahrainian, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian

end products) or Israeli end products as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act."

Free Trade Agreement Country End Products (Other than Bahrainian, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian End Products) or Israeli End Products:

| Line-Item No. | Country of Origin |
|---------------|-------------------|
|               |                   |
|               |                   |
|               |                   |

[List as necessary]

(iii) The Offeror shall list those supplies that are foreign end products (other than those listed in paragraph (g)(1)(ii) of this provision) as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act." The Offeror shall list as other foreign end products those end products manufactured in the United States that do not qualify as domestic end products.

Other Foreign End Products:

| Line-Item No. | Country of Origin |
|---------------|-------------------|
|               |                   |
|               |                   |
|               |                   |

[List as necessary]

- (iv) The Government will evaluate offers in accordance with the policies and procedures of FAR part 25.
- (2) Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act Certificate, Alternate I. If Alternate I to the clause at FAR <u>52.225-3</u> is included in

this solicitation, substitute the following paragraph (g)(1)(ii) for paragraph (g)(1)(ii) of the basic provision:

(g)(1)(ii) The offeror certifies that the following supplies are Canadian end products as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act":

Canadian End Products:

| Line-Item No. |   |
|---------------|---|
|               | - |
|               |   |
|               | - |

[List as necessary]

(3) Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act Certificate, Alternate II. If Alternate II to the clause at FAR  $\underline{52.225-3}$  is included in this solicitation, substitute the following paragraph (g)(1)(ii) for paragraph (g)(1)(ii) of the basic provision:

(g)(1)(ii) The offeror certifies that the following supplies are Canadian end products or Israeli end products as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act":

Canadian or Israeli End Products:

| Line-Item No. | Country of Origin |
|---------------|-------------------|
|               |                   |
|               |                   |
|               |                   |

[List as necessary]

- (4) Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act Certificate, Alternate III. If Alternate III to the clause at 52.225-3 is included in this solicitation, substitute the following paragraph (g)(1)(ii) for paragraph (g)(1)(ii) of the basic provision:
- (g)(1)(ii) The offeror certifies that the following supplies are Free Trade Agreement country end products (other than Bahrainian, Korean, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian end products) or Israeli end products as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act":

Free Trade Agreement Country End Products (Other than Bahrainian, Korean, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian End Products) or Israeli End Products:

| Line Item No. | Country of Origin |
|---------------|-------------------|
|               |                   |
|               |                   |
|               |                   |

[List as necessary]

- (5) *Trade Agreements Certificate*. (Applies only if the clause at FAR <u>52.225-5</u>, Trade Agreements, is included in this solicitation.)
- (i) The offeror certifies that each end product, except those listed in paragraph (g)(5)(ii) of this provision, is a U.S.-made or designated country end product, as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Trade Agreements."
- (ii) The offeror shall list as other end products those end products that are not U.S.-made or designated country end products.

Other End Products:

| Line-Item No. | Country of Origin |
|---------------|-------------------|
|               |                   |
|               |                   |

| Line-Item No. | Country of Origin |
|---------------|-------------------|
|               |                   |

[List as necessary]

- (iii) The Government will evaluate offers in accordance with the policies and procedures of FAR part 25. For line items covered by the WTO GPA, the Government will evaluate offers of U.S.-made or designated country end products without regard to the restrictions of the Buy American statute. The Government will consider for award only offers of U.S.-made or designated country end products unless the Contracting Officer determines that there are no offers for such products or that the offers for such products are insufficient to fulfill the requirements of the solicitation.
- (h) Certification Regarding Responsibility Matters (Executive Order 12689). (Applies only if the contract value is expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold.) The offeror certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that the offeror and/or any of its principals—
- $(1) \square$  Are,  $\square$  are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, or declared ineligible for the award of contracts by any Federal agency.
- (2)  $\square$  Have,  $\square$  have not, within a three-year period preceding this offer, been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for: commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a Federal, state or local government contract or subcontract; violation of Federal or state antitrust statutes relating to the submission of offers; or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, tax evasion, violating Federal criminal tax laws, or receiving stolen property;
- (3)  $\square$  Are,  $\square$  are not presently indicted for, or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a government entity with, commission of any of these offenses enumerated in paragraph (h)(2) of this clause; and
- (4)  $\square$  Have,  $\square$  have not, within a three-year period preceding this offer, been notified of any delinquent Federal taxes in an amount that exceeds the threshold at 9.104-5(a)(2) for which the liability remains unsatisfied.
  - (i) Taxes are considered delinquent if both of the following criteria apply:
- (A) *The* tax *liability is finally determined*. The liability is finally determined if it has been assessed. A liability is not finally determined if there is a pending administrative or judicial challenge. In the case of a judicial challenge to the liability, the liability is not finally determined until all judicial appeal rights have been exhausted.

(B) *The taxpayer is delinquent in making payment*. A taxpayer is delinquent if the taxpayer has failed to pay the tax liability when full payment was due and required. A taxpayer is not delinquent in cases where enforced collection action is precluded.

#### (ii) Examples.

- (A) The taxpayer has received a statutory notice of deficiency, under I.R.C. §6212, which entitles the taxpayer to seek Tax Court review of a proposed tax deficiency. This is not a delinquent tax because it is not a final tax liability. Should the taxpayer seek Tax Court review, this will not be a final tax liability until the taxpayer has exercised all judicial appeal rights.
- (B) The IRS has filed a notice of Federal tax lien with respect to an assessed tax liability, and the taxpayer has been issued a notice under I.R.C. §6320 entitling the taxpayer to request a hearing with the IRS Office of Appeals contesting the lien filing, and to further appeal to the Tax Court if the IRS determines to sustain the lien filing. In the course of the hearing, the taxpayer is entitled to contest the underlying tax liability because the taxpayer has had no prior opportunity to contest the liability. This is not a delinquent tax because it is not a final tax liability. Should the taxpayer seek tax court review, this will not be a final tax liability until the taxpayer has exercised all judicial appeal rights.
- (C) The taxpayer has entered into an installment agreement pursuant to I.R.C. §6159. The taxpayer is making timely payments and is in full compliance with the agreement terms. The taxpayer is not delinquent because the taxpayer is not currently required to make full payment.
- (D) The taxpayer has filed for bankruptcy protection. The taxpayer is not delinquent because enforced collection action is stayed under 11 U.S.C. §362 (the Bankruptcy Code).
- (i) Certification Regarding Knowledge of Child Labor for Listed End Products (Executive Order 13126). [The Contracting Officer must list in paragraph (i)(1) any end products being acquired under this solicitation that are included in the List of Products Requiring Contractor Certification as to Forced or Indentured Child Labor, unless excluded at 22.1503(b).]

### (1) Listed end products.

| Listed End Product | Listed Countries of Origin |
|--------------------|----------------------------|
|                    |                            |
|                    |                            |

- (2) Certification. [If the Contracting Officer has identified end products and countries of origin in paragraph (i)(1) of this provision, then the offeror must certify to either (i)(2)(i) or (i)(2)(ii) by checking the appropriate block.]
- (i) The offeror will not supply any end product listed in paragraph (i)(1) of this provision that was mined, produced, or manufactured in the corresponding country as listed for that product.
- (ii) The offeror may supply an end product listed in paragraph (i)(1) of this provision that was mined, produced, or manufactured in the corresponding country as listed for that product. The offeror certifies that it has made a good faith effort to determine whether forced or indentured child labor was used to mine, produce, or manufacture any such end product furnished under this contract. Based on those efforts, the offeror certifies that it is not aware of any such use of child labor.
- (j) Place of manufacture. (Does not apply unless the solicitation is predominantly for the acquisition of manufactured end products.) For statistical purposes only, the offeror shall indicate whether the place of manufacture of the end products it expects to provide in response to this solicitation is predominantly-
- (1) □ In the United States (Check this box if the total anticipated price of offered end products manufactured in the United States exceeds the total anticipated price of offered end products manufactured outside the United States); or
  - (2) □ Outside the United States.
- (k) Certificates regarding exemptions from the application of the Service Contract Labor Standards (Certification by the offeror as to its compliance with respect to the contract also constitutes its certification as to compliance by its subcontractor if it subcontracts out the exempt services.) [The contracting officer is to check a box to indicate if paragraph (k)(1) or (k)(2) applies.]
- (1) Maintenance, calibration, or repair of certain equipment as described in FAR 22.1003-4(c)(1). The offeror  $\Box$  does  $\Box$  does not certify that—
- (i) The items of equipment to be serviced under this contract are used regularly for other than Governmental purposes and are sold or traded by the offeror (or subcontractor in the case of an exempt subcontract) in substantial quantities to the public during normal business operations.
- (ii) The services will be furnished at prices which are, or are based on, established catalog or market prices (see FAR 22.1003-4(c)(2)(ii)) for the maintenance, calibration, or repair of such equipment; and
- (iii) The compensation (wage and fringe benefits) plan for all service employees performing work under the contract will be the same as that used for these

employees and equivalent employees servicing the same equipment of commercial customers.

- (2) Certain services as described in FAR  $\underline{22.1003-4}(d)(1)$ . The offeror  $\Box$  does  $\Box$  does not certify that-
- (i) The services under the contract are offered and sold regularly to non-Governmental customers and are provided by the offeror (or subcontractor in the case of an exempt subcontract) to the public in substantial quantities during normal business operations.
- (ii) The contract services will be furnished at prices that are, or are based on, established catalog or market prices (see FAR 22.1003-4(d)(2)(iii));
- (iii) Each service employee who will perform the services under the contract will spend only a small portion of his or her time (a monthly average of less than 20 percent of the available hours on an annualized basis, or less than 20 percent of available hours during the contract period if the contract period is less than a month) servicing the Government contract; and
- (iv) The compensation (wage and fringe benefits) plan for all service employees performing work under the contract is the same as that used for these employees and equivalent employees servicing commercial customers.
  - (3) If paragraph (k)(1) or (k)(2) of this clause applies—
- (i) If the offeror does not certify to the conditions in paragraph (k)(1) or (k)(2) and the Contracting Officer did not attach a Service Contract Labor Standards wage determination to the solicitation, the offeror shall notify the Contracting Officer as soon as possible; and
- (ii) The Contracting Officer may not make an award to the offeror if the offeror fails to execute the certification in paragraph (k)(1) or (k)(2) of this clause or to contact the Contracting Officer as required in paragraph (k)(3)(i) of this clause.
- (l) *Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)* ( <u>26 U.S.C. 6109</u>, <u>31 U.S.C. 7701</u>). (Not applicable if the offeror is required to provide this information to the SAM to be eligible for award.)
- (1) All offerors must submit the information required in paragraphs (1)(3) through (1)(5) of this provision to comply with debt collection requirements of 31 U.S.C. 7701(c) and 3325(d), reporting requirements of 26 U.S.C. 6041, 6041A, and 6050M, and implementing regulations issued by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).
- (2) The TIN may be used by the Government to collect and report on any delinquent amounts arising out of the offeror 's relationship with the Government (31)

U.S.C. 7701(c)(3)). If the resulting contract is subject to the payment reporting requirements described in FAR 4.904, the TIN provided hereunder may be matched with IRS records to verify the accuracy of the offeror 's TIN.

| (3) Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN).  |
|--|
| TIN:   |
| TIN has been applied for.  |
| TIN is not required because:   |
| Offeror is a nonresident alien, foreign corporation, or foreign partnership that does not have income effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States and does not have an office or place of business or a fiscal paying agent in the United States. |
| Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of a foreign government.   |
| Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of the Federal Government.   |
| (4) Type of organization.  |
| Sole proprietorship.   |
| Partnership.   |
| Corporate entity (not tax -exempt).  |
| Corporate entity (tax -exempt).  |
| Government entity (Federal, State, or local).  |
| Foreign government.  |
| International organization per 26 CFR1.6049-4.   |
| Other  |
| (5) Common parent.   |
| Offeror is not owned or controlled by a common parent.   |
| Name and TIN of common parent:   |
| Name   |

| TIN |  |
|-----|--|
|     |  |

- (m) Restricted business operations *in Sudan*. By submission of its offer, the offeror certifies that the offeror does not conduct any restricted business operations in Sudan.
  - (n) Prohibition on Contracting with Inverted Domestic Corporations.
- (1) Government agencies are not permitted to use appropriated (or otherwise made available) funds for contracts with either an inverted domestic corporation, or a subsidiary of an inverted domestic corporation, unless the exception at 9.108-2(b) applies or the requirement is waived in accordance with the procedures at 9.108-4.
  - (2) Representation. The Offeror represents that—
    - (i) It □ is, □ is not an inverted domestic corporation; and
    - (ii) It  $\square$  is,  $\square$  is not a subsidiary of an inverted domestic corporation.
- (o) Prohibition on contracting with entities engaging in certain activities or transactions relating to Iran.
- (1) The offeror shall e-mail questions concerning sensitive technology to the Department of State at CISADA106@state.gov.
- (2) Representation and Certifications. Unless a waiver is granted or an exception applies as provided in paragraph (o)(3) of this provision, by submission of its offer, the offeror -
- (i) Represents, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that the offeror does not export any sensitive technology to the government of Iran, or any entities or individuals owned or controlled by, or acting on behalf or at the direction of, the government of Iran.
- (ii) Certifies that the offeror, or any person owned or controlled by the offeror, does not engage in any activities for which sanctions may be imposed under section 5 of the Iran Sanctions Act; and
- (iii) Certifies that the offeror , and any person owned or controlled by the offeror , does not knowingly engage in any transaction that exceeds the threshold at FAR <u>25.703-2(a)(2)</u> with Iran's Revolutionary Guard Corps or any of its officials, agents, or affiliates , the property and interests in property of which are blocked pursuant to the

International Emergency Economic Powers Act (et seq.) (see OFAC's Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons List at <a href="https://www.treasury.gov/resource-center/sanctions/SDN-List/Pages/default.aspx">https://www.treasury.gov/resource-center/sanctions/SDN-List/Pages/default.aspx</a>).

- (3) The representation and certification requirements of paragraph (0)(2) of this provision do not apply if-
- (i) This solicitation includes a trade agreements certification (e.g.,  $\underline{52.212-3}$ (g) or a comparable agency provision); and
- (ii) The offeror has certified that all the offered products to be supplied are designated country end products.
- (p) Ownership or Control of Offeror. (Applies in all solicitations when there is a requirement to be registered in SAM or a requirement to have a unique entity identifier in the solicitation).
- (1) The Offeror represents that it  $\Box$  has or  $\Box$  does not have an immediate owner. If the Offeror has more than one immediate owner (such as a joint venture), then the Offeror shall respond to paragraph (2) and if applicable, paragraph (3) of this provision for each participant in the joint venture.
- (2) If the Offeror indicates "has" in paragraph (p)(1) of this provision, enter the following information:

| Immediate owner CAGE code:  |
|---|
| Immediate owner legal name:   |
| (Do not use a "doing business as" name)   |
| Is the immediate owner owned or controlled by another entity: $\square$ Yes or $\square$ No.  |
| (3) If the Offeror indicates "yes" in paragraph (p)(2) of this provision, indicating that the immediate owner is owned or controlled by another entity, then enter the following information: |
| Highest-level owner CAGE code:  |
| Highest-level owner legal name:   |
| (Do not use a "doing business as" name)   |
|   |

(q) Representation by Corporations Regarding Delinquent Tax Liability or a

Felony Conviction under any Federal Law.

- (1) As required by sections 744 and 745 of Division E of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 (Pub. L. 113-235), and similar provisions, if contained in subsequent appropriations acts, The Government will not enter into a contract with any corporation that—
- (i) Has any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability, where the awarding agency is aware of the unpaid tax liability, unless an agency has considered suspension or debarment of the corporation and made a determination that suspension or debarment is not necessary to protect the interests of the Government; or
- (ii) Was convicted of a felony criminal violation under any Federal law within the preceding 24 months, where the awarding agency is aware of the conviction, unless an agency has considered suspension or debarment of the corporation and decided that this action is not necessary to protect the interests of the Government.

#### (2) The Offeror represents that—

- (i) It is  $\Box$  is not  $\Box$  a corporation that has any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability; and
- (ii) It is  $\Box$  is not  $\Box$  a corporation that was convicted of a felony criminal violation under a federal law within the preceding 24 months.
- (r) Predecessor *of* Offeror. (Applies in all solicitations that include the provision at 52.204-16, Commercial and Government Entity Code Reporting.)
- (1) The Offeror represents that it  $\Box$  is or  $\Box$  is not a successor to a predecessor that held a federal contract or grant within the last three years.
- (2) If the Offeror has indicated "is" in paragraph (r)(1) of this provision, enter the following information for all predecessors that held a federal contract or grant within the last three years (if more than one predecessor, list in reverse chronological order):

| Predecessor CAGE code: (or mark "Unknown"). |
|---|
| Predecessor legal name:                     |
| (Do not use a "doing business as" name).    |
| (s) [Reserved].                             |

- (t) *Public Disclosure of Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Reduction Goals*. Applies in all solicitations that require offerors to register in SAM (12.301(d)(1)).
- (1) This representation shall be completed if the Offeror received \$7.5 million or more in contract awards in the prior Federal fiscal year. The representation is optional if the Offeror received less than \$7.5 million in Federal contract awards in the prior Federal fiscal year.
- (2) Representation. [Offeror to check applicable block(s) in paragraph (t)(2)(i) and (ii)].
- (i) The Offeror (itself or through its immediate owner or highest-level owner ) □ does, □ does not publicly disclose greenhouse gas emissions, i.e., makes available on a publicly accessible website the results of a greenhouse gas inventory, performed in accordance with an accounting standard with publicly available and consistently applied criteria, such as the Greenhouse Gas Protocol Corporate Standard.
- (ii) The Offeror (itself or through its immediate owner or highest-level owner)  $\square$  does,  $\square$  does not publicly disclose a quantitative greenhouse gas emissions reduction goal, i.e., make available on a publicly accessible website a target to reduce absolute emissions or emissions intensity by a specific quantity or percentage.
- (iii) A publicly accessible website includes the Offeror 's own website or a recognized, third-party greenhouse gas emissions reporting program.
- (3) If the Offeror checked "does" in paragraphs (t)(2)(i) or (t)(2)(ii) of this provision, respectively, the Offeror shall provide the publicly accessible website(s) where greenhouse gas emissions and/or reduction goals are reported:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

(u)

- (1) In accordance with section 743 of Division E, Title VII, of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 (Pub. L. 113-235) and its successor provisions in subsequent appropriations acts (and as extended in continuing resolutions), Government agencies are not permitted to use appropriated (or otherwise made available) funds for contracts with an entity that requires employees or subcontractors of such entity seeking to report waste, fraud, or abuse to sign internal confidentiality agreements or statements prohibiting or otherwise restricting such employees or subcontractors from lawfully reporting such waste, fraud, or abuse to a designated investigative or law enforcement representative of a Federal department or agency authorized to receive such information .
- (2) The prohibition in paragraph (u)(1) of this provision does not contravene requirements applicable to Standard Form 312 (Classified Information Nondisclosure

Agreement), Form 4414 (Sensitive Compartmented Information Nondisclosure Agreement), or any other form issued by a federal department or agency governing the nondisclosure of classified information.

- (3) Representation. By submission of its offer, the Offeror represents that it will not require its employees or subcontractors to sign or comply with internal confidentiality agreements or statements prohibiting or otherwise restricting such employees or subcontractors from lawfully reporting waste, fraud, or abuse related to the performance of a Government contract to a designated investigative or law enforcement representative of a Federal department or agency authorized to receive such information (e.g., agency Office of the Inspector General).
- (v) Covered Telecommunications Equipment or Services *-Representation*. Section 889(a)(1)(A) and section 889 (a)(1)(B) of Public Law 115-232.
- (1) The Offeror shall review the list of excluded parties in the System for Award Management (SAM) ( <a href="https://www.sam.gov">https://www.sam.gov</a>) for entities excluded from receiving federal awards for "covered telecommunications equipment or services ".
  - (2) The Offeror represents that—
- (i) It□ does, □ does not provide covered telecommunications equipment or services as a part of its offered products or services to the Government in the performance of any contract, subcontract, or other contractual instrument.
  - (ii) After conducting a reasonable inquiry for purposes of this representation, that it □ does, □ does not use covered telecommunications equipment or services, or any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services.

(End of Provision)

### 52.229-11 TAX ON CERTAIN FOREIGN PROCUREMENTS—NOTICE AND REPRESENTATION (JUN 2020)

(a) *Definitions*. As used in this provision—

Foreign person means any person other than a United States person.

Specified Federal procurement payment means any payment made pursuant to a contract with a foreign contracting party that is for goods, manufactured or produced, or services provided in a foreign country that is not a party to an international procurement agreement with the United States. For purposes of the prior sentence, a foreign country does not include an outlying area.

*United States person* as defined in 26 U.S.C. 7701(a)(30) means—

| (1) A citizen or resident of the United States.   |
|---|
| (2) A domestic partnership.   |
| (3) A domestic corporation.   |
| (4) Any estate (other than a foreign estate, within the meaning of 26 U.S.C. 701(a)(31)); and   |
| (5) Any trust if—   |
| (i) A court within the United States is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust; and  |
| (ii) One or more United States persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust.  |
| (b) Unless exempted, there is a 2 percent tax of the amount of a specified Federal procurement payment on any foreign person receiving such payment. See 26 U.S.C. 5000C and its implementing regulations at 26 CFR 1.5000C-1 through 1.5000C-7.  |
| (c) Exemptions from withholding under this provision are described at 26 CFR 1.5000C-1(d)(5) through (7). The Offeror would claim an exemption from the withholding by using the Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Form W-14, Certificate of Foreign Contracting Party Receiving Federal Procurement Payments, available via the internet at <a href="www.irs.gov/w14">www.irs.gov/w14</a> . Any exemption claimed and self-certified on the IRS Form W-14 is subject to audit by the IRS. Any disputes regarding the imposition and collection of the 26 U.S.C. 5000C tax are adjudicated by the IRS as the 26 U.S.C. 5000C tax is a tax matter, not a contract issue. The IRS Form W-14 is provided to the acquiring agency rather than to the IRS. |
| (d) For purposes of withholding under 26 U.S.C. 5000C, the Offeror represents that—   |
| (1) It []is []is not a foreign person; and  |
| (2) If the Offeror indicates "is" in paragraph (d)(1) of this provision, then the Offeror represents that—I am claiming on the IRS Form W-14 [] a full exemption, or [] partial or no exemption [Offeror shall select one] from the excise tax.   |

(1) The clause at FAR 52.229-12, Tax on Certain Foreign Procurements, will be included in any resulting contract; and

(e) If the Offeror represents it is a foreign person in paragraph (d)(1) of this

provision, then—

- (2) The Offeror shall submit with its offer the IRS Form W-14. If the IRS Form W-14 is not submitted with the offer, exemptions will not be applied to any resulting contract and the Government will withhold a full 2 percent of each payment.
- (f) If the Offeror selects "is" in paragraph (d)(1) and "partial or no exemption" in paragraph (d)(2) of this provision, the Offeror will be subject to withholding in accordance with the clause at FAR 52.229-12, Tax on Certain Foreign Procurements, in any resulting contract.
- (g) A taxpayer may, for a fee, seek advice from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) as to the proper tax treatment of a transaction. This is called a private letter ruling. Also, the IRS may publish a revenue ruling, which is an official interpretation by the IRS of the Internal Revenue Code, related statutes, tax treaties, and regulations. A revenue ruling is the conclusion of the IRS on how the law is applied to a specific set of facts. For questions relating to the interpretation of the IRS regulations go to <a href="https://www.irs.gov/help/tax-law-questions">https://www.irs.gov/help/tax-law-questions</a>.

(End of provision)

#### THE FOLLOWING DOSAR PROVISION IS PROVIDED IN FULL TEXT:

### ADDENDUM TO SOLICITATION PROVISIONS FAR AND DOSAR PROVISIONS NOT PRESCRIBED IN PART 12

# 52.252-1 SOLICITATION PROVISIONS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (OCT 1998)

This solicitation incorporates one or more solicitation provisions by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. In addition, the full text of a clause may be accessed electronically at <a href="Acquisition.gov">Acquisition.gov</a> this address is subject to change.

If the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) is not available at the location indicated above, use the Department of State Acquisition website at <u>e-CFR</u> to see the links to the FAR. You may also use an Internet "search engine" (for example, Google, Yahoo or Excite) to obtain the latest location of the most current FAR.

## THE FOLLOWING FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION SOLICITATION PROVISIONS ARE INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE:

52.225-25 PROHIBITION ON CONTRACTING WITH ENTITIES ENGAGING IN CERTAIN ACTIVITIES OR TRANSACTIONS RELATING TO IRAN (JUN 2020)